Product Catalogue 2023





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O3-COATINGS

Production and sale of anti-corrosion and fireresistant materials. Our solutions have been passed all necessary tests, have Russian and international certificates and can provide long-term protection of our customers' assets.

The company is a member of the O3 GROUP, which allows us to offer comprehensive ready-made solutions: from design of protective systems and supply of materials to servicing follow-up of works and inspection control by unified quality standards. O3–COATINGS manufactures materials of the TRIOCOR™ and TRIOFLAME™ product lines.

The solutions offered by O3, have Russian and international certificates. and can ensure a long-term protection of our cuctomers assets.

Main Industries:

O3-COATINGS has significant supply experience for major industry facilities:

Oil & gas and chemistry

PJSC Gazpromneft refineries, PJSC SIBUR Holding petrochemical facilities, JSC Yamal LNG infrastructure, Amur GPP facilities, PJSC Gazprom gas pumping stations, PJSC Transneft tanks.

Power generation

CCGT-TPP for PJSC Nizhnekamskneftekhim, The first stage of construction Sakhalin TPP–2, Reconstruction of Voronezh TPP–1, Amur TPP for the needs of the Amurskiy GPP, Yamal LNG gas turbine power plant.

Infrastructure

Bridges for Russian Railways, The FIFA World Cup stadiums 2018, transfer hubs for LSC MRR and SUE Moscow Metro, Olympic facilities for the Olympic Games in Sochi 2014.

Marine projects

Ice-resistant platform LSP–1 — Filanovsky field. V. Filanovsky Field, Block Conductor. Development of the Yu. Korchagin field-PJSC LUKOIL, facilities of LLC NOVATEK-Murmansk Large-Scale Offshore Facilities Construction Centre.

1. HOW TO CHOOSE COATING SYSTEM

To ensure maximum savings and efficiency, several factors are to be taken in consideration when making a choice of a suitable system of coatings for protection from corrosion:

A. Environmental corrosivity

When selecting a paint system it is vitally important to work out the conditions in which the structure, facility or installation is to operate. To establish the effect of environmental corrosivity, the following factors must be taken into account:

- humidity and temperature (service temperature and temperature gradients),
- the presence of UV radiation,
- chemical exposure (e.g. specific exposure in industrial plants),
- mechanical damage (impact, abrasion etc.).

In the case of buried structures their porosity must be considered and the ground conditions which they are subject to. The dampness and pH of the terrain and biological exposure to bacteria and micro-organisms are of critical importance. In the case of water, the type and chemical composition of the water present is also significant. The corrosive aggressiveness of the environment will have an effect on:

- the type of paint used for protection,
- the quantity of coats and the total thickness of a paint system,
- the surface preparation required,
- minimum and maximum recoating intervals.

The more corrosive the environment, the more thorough the surface preparation required. The recoating intervals must also be strictly observed.

Part 2 of ISO 12944 standard gives the corrosion classifications for atmospheric conditions, soil and water. This standard is a very general evaluation based on the corrosion time for carbon steel and zinc. It does Not reflect specific chemical, mechanical or temperature exposure. However the standard specification may still be accepted as a good indicator for paint system projects as a whole.

ISO 12944 distinguishes 6 basic atmospheric corrosivity categories:					
C1	very low	C4	high		
C2	low	C5	very high		
C3	medium	CX	extreme		

Atmosferic corrosive activity categories by ISO 12944 Standard:

Corrosivity	Environme	O3's	
categories:	Exterior Interior		coating systems
C1 very low	_	Heated buildings with a clean atmosphere such as offices, shops, schools, hotels.	Page 11
C2 low	Atmosphere contaminated to a small extent, mainly rural regions.	Buildings which are not heated, where condensation may occur e.g. storehouses, sports halls.	Page 11
C3 medium	Industrial and urban atmosphere with an average sulphur oxide (IV) contamination level. Inshore areas of low salinity.	Production space of high humidity and certain air contamination e.g. foodstuff plants, laundries, breweries, dairies.W	Page 12
C4 high	Industrial areas and inshore areas of medium salinity.	Chemical plants, swimming pools, ship repair yards.	Page 13
C5 very high	Industrial areas of high humidity and aggressive atmosphere, inshore areas of high salinity.	Buildings and areas of almost constant condensation and high contamination.	Page 14
CX extreme	Offshore areas with high salinity and industrial areas with extreme humidity and aggressive, subtropical or tropical atmosphere.	Industrial buildings with high humidity and aggressive atmosphere.	

HOW TO CHOOSE COATING SYSTEM

Water	and soil categories in accordance with ISO 12944 standard:
lm1	submersion in freshwater
lm2	marine or saltish water immersion without cathode corrosion protection
lm3	digging-in the ground
lm4	permanent marine immersion with cathode corrosion protection

The categories for water and soil according to the ISO 12944 standard:

Corrosivity categories:	Environment	Examples of environment and structures	O3's coating systems	
lm1	Freshwater	River installations, hydroelectric power plants, possible usage of cathode protection from corrosion.		
lm2	Marine or saltish water	Seaports with the following structures: sluice gate, locks (water steps), water stilts, piers, offshore structures.	Dago 15	
lm3	Soil	Underground tanks, steel stilts, pipelines. possible usage of cathode protection from corrosion.	raye 13	
lm4	Marine water	Constant immersion in marine water. Submerged structures with cathodic protection (e.g. marine structures).		

B. Type of protected surface

The issue of choosing a system of coatings involves dealing with constructional materials such as carbon steel, hot dipped galvanized steel, metal-spray steel, aluminium, or stainless steel. The surface preparation, the paint products used (particularly the primer) and the total system thickness will depend mainly on the constructional material.

C. Service life of coating system

Service life of coating system means the period of time from the moment of application of coating and until the moment when the first maintenance of painted surface is required. On the basis of this principle, ISO 12944 defines 4 time interwals for service life of coating system:

LOW – L	up to 7 years
MEDIUM – M	from 7 to 15 years
HIGH – H	from 15 to 25 years
VERY HIGH – VH	over 25 years

D. Planning the paint application process

The building schedule and the various stages of construction of any particular project determine how and when the paint system needs to be applied. Consideration needs to be given to materials at their prefabrication stage, when components are being prefabricated both off and on site and when building stages are complete.

It is necessary to plan the job so that surface preparation and the drying/curing time of paint products in relation to temperature and humidity are considered. Also recoating intervals must also be taken into account.

2. SURFACE PREPARATION

2.1 Degrees of surface preparation

There are many ways to classify steel surface preparation grades but this document focuses on those outlined below.

A. Standart degrees of surface preparation during primary treatment by the method of abrasive blast cleaning

Standard surface preparation g	Standard surface preparation grades for primary surface preparation by abrasive blasting methods				
Sa 3	Blast cleaning to visually clean steel When viewed without magnification, the surface shall be free from visible oil, grease and dirt, and shall be free from mill scale, rust, paint coatings and foreign matter ¹ . It shall have a uniform metallic colour.				
Sa 2½	Very thorough blast cleaning When viewed without magnification, the surface shall be free from visible oil, grease and dirt, and from mill scale, rust, paint coatings and foreign matter ¹ . Any remaining traces of contamination shall show only as slight stains in the form of spots or stripes.				
Sa 2	Thorough blast cleaning When viewed without magnification, the surface shall be free from visible oil, grease and dirt, and from most of the mill scale, rust, paint coatings and foreign matter ¹ . Any residual contamination shall be firmly adhering ² .				
Sa 1	Light blast cleaning When viewed without magnification, the surface shall be free from visible oil, grease and dirt, and from poorly adhering mill scale, rust, paint coatings and foreign matter ¹ .				

¹The term 'foreign matter' may include water-soluble salts and welding residues. These contaminants can not always be completely removed from the surface by dry blast cleaning, hand and power tool cleaning or flame cleaning; Wet blast cleaning may be necessary. ²Mill scale, rust or a paint coating is considered to be poorly adhering if it can be removed by lifting with a blunt-edged spatula.

Standard preparation grades fo	or primary surface preparation by blast cleaning in accordance with ISO 8501-1 standard
St 3	Very thorough hand and power tool cleaning As for St 2, but the surface shall be treated much more thoroughly to give a metallic sheen arising from the metallic substrate.
St 2	Thorough hand and power tool cleaning When viewed without magnification, the surfaces shall be free from visible oil, grease and dirt, and from poorly adhering mill scale, rust, paint coatings and foreign matter.

Notice: Preparation grade St 1 is not included as it corresponds to a surface unsuitable for painting.

B. Degrees of surface preparation in accordance with ISO 8501-4 Standard

Surface preparation grades by high pressure water cleaning should not only include the cleanliness grade but also the flash rust grade, since flash rusting may occur on cleaned steel during the drying period.

There are several ways to classify the degree to which a steel surface is prepared after high pressure water cleaning. This guide has used the ISO 8501–4 surface preparation grade standard using high pressure water jetting: "Initial surface conditions, preparation grades and flash rust grades in connection with high pressure water jetting". The standard applies to surface preparation by high pressure water cleaning for a paint coating. It distinguishes three levels of cleanliness with reference to visible contaminants (Wa 1 – Wa 2½) such as rust, mill scale, old paint coatings and other foreign matter coatings and other foreign matter.

SURFACE PREPARATION

Description of the surface af	ter cleaning
Wa 2½	Very thorough high-pressure water jetting When viewed without magnification, the surface shall be free from all visible rust, oil, grease, dirt, previous paint coatings and, except for slight traces, all other foreign matter. Discolouration of the surface can be present where the original coating was not intact. The grey or brown/black discolouration observed on pitted and corroded steel can not be removed by further water jetting.
Wa 2	Thorough high-pressure water jetting When viewed without magnification, the surface shall be free from visible oil, grease and dirt and most of the rust, previous paint coatings and other foreign matter. Any residual contamination shall be randomly dispersed and can consist of firmly adherent coatings, firmly adherent foreign matter and stains of previously existent rust.
Wa 1	Light high-pressure water jetting When viewed without magnification, the surface shall be free from visible oil and grease, loose or defective paint, loose rust and other foreign matter. Any residual contamination shall be randomly dispersed and firmly adherent.

Description of the surface appearance relating to three grades of flash rust				
FRA	Light flash rust A surface which, when viewed without magnification, exhibits small quantities of a yellow/brown rust layer through which the steel substrate can be seen. The rust, (seen as a discolouration) can be evenly distributed or present in patches, but it will be tightly adherent and not easily removed by gentle wiping with a cloth.			
FRB	Medium flash rust A surface which, when viewed without magnification, exhibits a layer of yellow/brown rust that obscures the original steel surface. The rust can be evenly distributed or present in patches, but it will be reasonably well adherent and it will lightly mark a cloth that is gently wiped over the surface.			
FRC	Heavy flash rust A surface which, when viewed without magnification, exhibits a layer of red yellow/brown rust that obscures the original steel surface and is loosely adherent. The rust layer can be evenly distributed or present in patches and it will readily mark a cloth that is gently wiped over the surface.			

2.2 Types of surfaces

A. Steel surfaces

To guarantee that a coating system delivers long lasting protection, it is essential to ensure that the right surface preparation is carried out before any paint is applied. For this reason the initial surface condition of the steel needs to be evaluated.

Generally speaking, the condition of a steel surface prior to painting falls into one of the three following categories: 1) a bare steel structure with no previous protective paint coatings;

2) a steel surface coated with a shopprimer;

3) a steel surface coated with a paint system which needs to be maintained.

These categories are described more particularly below.

a) Steel structure with no previous protective coatings

Steel surfaces which have never been protected by paint coatings may be covered to a varying extent by rust, mill scale or other contaminants (dust, grease, ionic contamination/soluble salts, residues etc.). The initial condition of such surfaces is defined by ISO 8501–1 standard: "Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Visual assessment of surface cleanliness".





The corresponding photographs show levels of corrosion, preparation grades of unprotected steel substrates and steel substrates after completely removing previous coatings.

b) Steel surface covered with shopprimers

The main purpose of applying shopprimers is to protect steel plates and structural components used in the prefabrication stage, or in storage before a main paint system is applied. A shopprimer film thickness normally equals $20-25 \ \mu m$ (these figures are quoted for a smooth test panel). Steel plates and structural components coated with shopprimers can be welded.

Surfaces coated with a shopprimer must be prepared correctly prior to the application of a finishing paint system; this is termed, 'second surface preparation'. A shopprimer may need to be partially or completely removed. The second surface preparation will be determined, by the finishing paint system and two key factors need to be taken into account:

• the compatibility of an applied shopprimer and a finishing paint system;

• the surface profile achieved during preparation prior to a shopprimer application, i.e. whether the profile is suitable for a finishing paint system.

A surface coated with a shopprimer should always be thoroughly washed with water and detergent at 15–20 MPa pressure and then rinsed carefully prior to a paint system application. Corrosion and damage due to welding spots must be cleaned to the preparation grade as specified in the ISO 8501–1 standard.

O3's PROTECTIVE COATINGS

c) A steel surface coated with a paint system which needs to be maintained

The condition of an existing paint system must be assessed using the degradation grade according to the standard and this must be done each time maintenance work is carried out. It will need to be determined whether the system should be completely removed or whether parts of the coating can remain. For the different amounts of surface preparation required refer to ISO 8501–2 standard: "Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Visual assessment of surface cleanliness. Preparation grades of previously coated steel substrates after localised removal of previous coatings".

B. Hot dipped galvanised steel, aluminium and stainless steel surfaces

In addition to standard steel, other non-iron materials can be used in construction such as hot dipped galvanised steel, aluminium or high-alloy steels. All of them require a separate approach in terms of surface preparation and the selection of a paint system.

a) Hot dipped galvanised steel

When galvanised steel is exposed to the atmosphere, zinc corrosion products form on its surface. These products vary in their composition and adhesion and influence therefore the adhesive properties of applied paint systems. It is generally considered that the best surface for painting is one of pure, (within hours of the galvanisation process) or seasoned zinc. For stages in between it is recommended that the zinc corrosion products are removed by washing the surface with alkaline cleaner. If necessary, washing should be combined with scrubbing using a special hard nylon bristle brush, abrasive paper or the surface cleaned by an abrasive, (glass balls, sand, etc.). For coating systems in lower corrosion classes, special adhesion primers are recommended. For coating systems in higher corrosion classes, surface preparation should include mechanical preparation of the surface, preferably by abrasive sweep blasting with a mineral abrasive.

b) Aluminium and stainless steel surfaces

In the case of aluminium and stainless steel, the surface should be cleaned with fresh water and a detergent, then rinsed off thoroughly by pressure washing with fresh water. To obtain better adhesion for the paint system, it is recommended that abrasive blasting is carried out with a mineral abrasive or special brushes are used.

3. O3's PROTECTIVE COATINGS

O3 COMPANY offers the following types of coatings:

ONE COMPONENT COATINGS: a) acrylic

- b) based on synthetic film-forming agent
- c) silicon-acrylic
- d) ethyl silicate

TWO COMPONENT COATINGS: a) epoxy b) acryl polyurethane

4. USEFUL DEFINITIONS AND FORMULAS

Definitions of basic terms related to the technology of applying protective coatings are below. We introduce several necessary terms and formulas that you should familiarize yourself with when working with paints:

WFT – wet film thickness, µm DFT – dry film thickness, µm VS – volume solid, % LF – loss factor

A. Coating layer thickness calculation

Wet film thickness calculation:

WFT (
$$\mu$$
m) = $\frac{DFT (\mu m) \times 100}{VS (\%)}$

Dry film thickness calculation:

DFT (
$$\mu$$
m) = $\frac{WFT (\mu m) \times VS (\%)}{100}$

Diluting of the material affects on volume solids. The larger diluting, the lower residue in paint, that is for application. The volume solids new value can be calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{VS from Technical}}{\text{Data Sheet}} \times \frac{100\%}{100 + \% \text{ dilution}} = \%$$

Volume solids changing results relative to conventional dilution ratios are given below:

DRY BALANCE BY VOLUME (%)	DILUTING, %						
according to technical	2,5	5	7,5	10	12,5	15	
		REC	EIVED DRY BALA	NCE BY VOLUM	E (%)		
45	44	43	42	41	40	39	
50	49	48	47	45	44	43	
55	54	52	51	50	49	48	
60	59	57	56	55	53	52	
65	63	62	60	59	58	57	
70	68	67	65	64	62	61	
75	73	71	70	68	67	65	
80	78	76	74	73	71	70	
85	83	81	79	77	76	74	
90	88	86	84	82	80	78	
95	93	90	88	86	84	83	
100	98	95	93	91	89	87	

DO NOT FORGET TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE DILUTION WHEN CALCULATING WFT AND DFT

B. Theoretical spreading rate

Material's theoretical spreading rate with a given dry film thickness on a perfectly smooth surface is calculated by:

$$\frac{\text{DFT}(\mu m)}{\text{VS}(\%) \times 10} = 1/m^2$$

C. Practical spreading rate

Material's practical spreading rate is calculated by multiplying the theoretical flow rate by the corresponding coefficient of loss factor:

Theoretical spreading rate $(I/m^2) \times LF = I/m^2$

Painting work's loss factor is calculated by work developer depending on a number of factors:

The complexity of the painted surface

Difficult and small surfaces are almost impossible to paint without loss. This will lead to an increase in spreading rate compared to the calculated.

Surface roughnesses

Surface roughnesses assumes the presence of a "dead volume", for filling of which more paint is used than on a smooth surface. In the case of an interoperable primer with a thin film, this creates the effect of a larger surface, which leads to a greater consumption of paint, since the film of such a primer is evenly distributed over the cavities and peaks of the surface roughnesses.

Methods and conditions of painting

Losses due to atmospheric conditions, paint residues in pumps and hoses, insufficient painter skills, etc. lead to increased paint spreading rate.

Example. If material loss is 30%, then 70% applied to the surface.

$$LF = \frac{100}{100-30} = \frac{100}{70} = 1,43$$

5. O3 COMPANY'S COATING SYSTEMS

Below are the recommended coating systems for various corrosivity category of the atmosphere and other media in accordance with the requirements of ISO 12944–5: 2019

O3 COATING SYSTEMS FOR C1/C2 CORROSIVITY CATEGORY

C1/C2 CORROSIVITY CATEGORIES

Lifetime	Medium (7-15 years)		Hig (15–25 y	High (15-25 years)		High 5 years)	
System number		1	2	2		3	
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	
Primer	TRIOCOR™ PRIMER 1100	70	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	80	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	100	
Intermediate coat			-		-		
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5100	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	50	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60	
Total	2 layer	rs, 120 µm	2 layers,	130 µm	2 layers,	160 µm	
Surface preparation							
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501–1:2007)	Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½		
Hydro-blasting (ISO 8501-4:2006)	Not recommended		Not recommended		Not recommended		
Hand and power tool cleaning (ISO 8501–1:2007)	St 3		St 3		St 3		
Environmental and Sur	rface Conditions						
Surface profile	40-60 µm		50-75 µm		50-75 µm		
Surface condition	Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		
Atmosphere relative humidity	<	80%	< 80%		< 80%		
Air temperature	+5 °C ÷ +3 -30 °C ÷ +	0 °C PRIMER 30 °C FINISH	-10 °C ÷ +40 °C		-10 °C ÷ +40 °C		

O3 COATING SYSTEMS FOR C3 CORROSIVITY CATEGORY

C3 CORROSIVITY CATEGORY

Air temperature

–10 °C ÷ +40 °C Finish

Lifetime		han 7 years)	Medium (7–15 лет)					
System number	1		2		3	3 4		
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT
Primer	TRIOCOR™ Primer 1100	70	TRIOCOR™ Top Primer 2100	60	TRIOCOR™ Primer 1100	60	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	70
Intermediate coat	-		-		TRIOCOR™ Primer 1100	60	-	
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5100	50	TRIOCOR™ Top Primer 2100	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5100	40	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	50
Total	2 layers, 12	0 µm	2 layers, 12	D μm	3 layers, 160) µm	2 layers, 120) µm
Surface preparation	1							
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501–1:2007)	Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½	
Hydro-blasting (ISO 8501-4:2006)	Not recomm	ended	ed Not recommended		Not recommended		Not recomme	ended
Hand and power tool cleaning (ISO 8501- 1:2007)	St 3		St 3		St 3		St 3	
Environmental and Su	rface Conditions		1		1			
Surface profile	40-60 µ	ım	40-60 µ	Im	50-75 µi	n	50-75 µr	m
Surface condition	Must be t > dew poin	dry, t +3 °C	Must be t > dew poin	dry, t +3 °C	Must be o t > dew point	dry, : +3 °C	Must be c t > dew point	dry, t +3 °C
Atmosphere relative humidity	< 80%		< 80%		< 80%		< 80%	
Air temperature	+5 °C ÷ +30 °C -30 °C ÷ +30 °	C Primer C Finish	-25 °C ÷ +3	0°C	+5 °C ÷ +30 °C Primer –30 °C ÷ +30 °C Finish		-10 °C ÷ +40 °C	
Lifetime		High (15	-25 years)		E	xtra High (c	ver 25 years)	
System number	5		6		7		8	
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT
Primer	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	100	ТРИОКОР™ Цинк 1700	40	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	100	TRIOCOR™ ZINK 1700	60
Intermediate coat	-		TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	80	-		TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	80
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60
Total	2 layers, 16	0 µm	3 layers, 18	0 µm	2 layers, 160 μm		3 layers, 200	Ο μm
Surface preparation	1				1		1	
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501–1:2007)	Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½	
Hydro-blasting (ISO 8501–4:2006)	Not recomm	ended	Not recomm	ended	Not recommended		Not recommended	
Hand and power tool cleaning (ISO 8501- 1:2007)	St 3		St 3		St 3		St 3	
Environmental and Surface Conditions								
		50-75 μm			50-75 µm 50			
Surface profile	50-75 µ	Im	50-75 µ	m	50-75 µ	m	50-75 µı	m
Surface profile Surface condition	50-75 µ Must be t > dew poin	ım dry, t +3 °C	50-75 µ Must be t > dew poin	m dry, t +3 °C	50–75 μ Must be a t > dew poin	m dry, t +3 °C	50–75 µı Must be c t > dew point	m dry, t +3 °C
Surface profile Surface condition Atmosphere relative humidity	50-75 L Must be t > dew poin	ım dry, t +3 °C	50-75 µ Must be t > dew poin < 80%	m dry, t +3 ℃	50-75 μ Must be a t > dew point < 80%	m dry, t +3 °C	50-75 µı Must be o t > dew point < 80%	m dry, t +3 ℃

-10 °C ÷ +40 °C

−10 °C ÷ +40 °C

−10 °C ÷ +40 °C

O3 COATING SYSTEMS FOR C4 CORROSIVITY CATEGORY

C4 CORROSIVITY CATEGORY

Lifetime	Low (less than 7 years)			Medium (7-15 лет)				
System number	1		2		3		4	
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT
Primer	TRIOCOR™ PRIMER 1100	100	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	70	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	100	TRIOCOR™ ZINK 1700	40
Intermediate coat	-		-		-		TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	80
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5100	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	50	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60
Total	2 layers, 16	0 µm	2 layers, 12	Ο µm	2 layers, 160) µm	3 layers, 18	30 µm
Surface preparation								
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501–1:2007)	Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½	/ 2
Hydro-blasting (ISO 8501–4:2006)	Not recommended		Not recommended		Not recommended		Not recommended	
Hand and power tool cleaning (ISO 8501– 1:2007)	St 3		St 3	St 3 St 3			St 3	
Environmental and Sur	face Conditions				1		1	
Surface profile	50-75 µ	ım	50-75 μm		50-75 µm		50-75 μm	
Surface condition	Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C	
Atmosphere relative humidity	< 80%		< 80%		< 80%		< 80%	6
Air temperature	+5 °C ÷ +30 °C -30 °C ÷ +30 °	C Primer °C Finish	-10 °C ÷ +4	0 °C	-10 °C ÷ +4	0°C	-10 °C ÷ +4	40 °C

O3 COATING SYSTEMS FOR C5 CORROSIVITY CATEGORY

C5 CORROSIVITY CATEGORY

Lifetime	Low (less than 7 years)			Medium (7–15 years)				
System number	1		2		3		4	
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT
Primer	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	120	TRIOCOR™ ZINK 1700	40	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	180	TRIOCOR™ ZINK 1700	60
Intermediate coat	-		TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	80	-		TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	80
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	50	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60
Total	2 layers, 18	0 µm	2 layers, 17	Ο μm	3 layers, 240) µm	2 layers, 20	0 µm
Surface preparation								
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501-1:2007)	Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½		Sa 2½	
Hydro-blasting (ISO 8501-4:2006)	Not recomm	ended	Not recomm	ended	Not recomme	ended	Not recomm	ended
Hand and power tool cleaning (ISO 8501- 1:2007)	St 3		St 3		St 3		St 3	
Environmental and Su	rface Conditions							
Surface profile	50-75 м	KM	50-75 м	KM	50-75 мк	M	50-75 м	KM
Surface condition	Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C	
Atmosphere relative humidity	< 80%		< 80%		< 80%		< 80%	
Air temperature	-10 °C ÷ +4	0°C	–10 °C ÷ +40 °C		−10 °C ÷ +40 °C		−10 °C ÷ +40 °C	
Lifetime		High (15	–25 years)		E	Extra High ((over 25 years)	
System number	5		6		7		8	
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT	Material	DFT
Primer	MASTIC 4500	200	TRIOCOR™ ZINK 1700	60	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	140	TRIOCOR™ ZINK 1700	60
Intermediate coat	-		TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	140	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	140	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500	200
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	50	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	80	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500	60
Итого	2 layers, 25	0 µm	3 layers, 26	οO μm	3 layers, 360 µm 3 layers, 320 µm			
Surface preparation			1		1			
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501-1:2007)	Sa 2½		Sa 2½	2	Sa 2½	2	Sa 2½	/2
Hydro-blasting (ISO 8501-4:2006)	Not recomm	ended	Not recomm	nended	Not recomm	nended	Not recomn	nended
Hand and power tool cleaning (ISO 8501- 1:2007)	St 3		St 3		St 3		St 3	
Environmental and Su	rface Conditions		·		·			
Surface profile	50-75 _k	im	50-75 _k	um	50-75 _k	ım	50-75	um
	Must be dry,		Must be dry,		Must be drv.		Must be dry,	

Surface condition	t > dew point +3 °C			
Atmosphere relative humidity	< 80%	< 80%	< 80%	< 80%
Air temperature	−10 °C ÷ +40 °C	−10 °C ÷ +40 °C	-10 °C ÷ +40 °C	-10 °C ÷ +40 °C

O3 COATING SYSTEMS FOR IMMERSION

IMMERSED STRUCTURES (CARBON STEEL) / SEAWATER / FRESHWATER / SOIL

Lifetime	Medium (15–25 y	ears)	High (over 25 year	
System number	1		2	
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT
Primer	TRIOCOR™ ABRASIV 4400	150	TRIOCOR™ ABRASIV 4400	175
Intermediate coat	-		-	
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ ABRASIV 4400	150	TRIOCOR™ ABRASIV 4400	175
Total	2 layers, 200 µ	im	3 layers, 380 µm	
Surface preparation				
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501–1:2007)	Sa 2½			

Hydro-blasting (ISO 8501-4:2006)	Wa 2½
Hand and power tool cleaning (ISO 8501-1:2007)	St 3
Environmental and Surface Con	ditions
Surface profile	40–70 µm
Surface condition	Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C
Atmosphere relative humidity	< 90%

Air temperature

INTERNAL SURFACES OF FUEL TANKS/RESERVOIRS for storing oil, petroleum products, brine solutions, etc.

+5 °C ÷ +40 °C

Lifetime	10 years		15 years (Operating temperature i	range: up to +150 °C.)
System number	1		2	
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT
Primer	TRIOCOR™ RVS 9510	100	TRIOCOR™ ZINK 1700	60
Intermediate coat	-		TRIOCOR™ RVS 9510	160
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ RVS 9510	100	TRIOCOR™ RVS 9510	160
Total	2 layers, 300 µr	n	3 layers, 350 µ	m
Surface preparation				
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501–1:2007)	Sa 2½			
Hydro-blasting (ISO 8501-4:2006)	Wa 2½			
Hand and power tool cleaning (ISO 8501-1:2007)	St 3			
Environmental and Surface Cor	ditions			
Surface profile	50-75 μm			
Surface condition	Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C			
Atmosphere relative humidity	< 80%			
Air temperature	+5 °C ÷ +40 °(C		

O3 COATING SYSTEMS

SYSTEMS WITH INCREASED HEAT RESISTANCE

Operation temperatures	From 101 °C to 400 °C		From 401 °C to 600 °C	
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT
Primer	TRIOTEMP [™] 400	60	TRIOTEMP [™] 600	25
Intermediate coat	TRIOTEMP [™] 600	25	-	-
Top coat	TRIOTEMP™ 600	25	TRIOTEMP™ 600	25
Total	3 layers, 110 µm		2 layers	, 50 μm

Surface preparation

Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501-1:2007)	Sa 2½

Environmental and Surface Conditions

Surface profile	60–100 μm (ISO 8503–4)	30–50 µm (ISO 8503–4)
Surface condition	Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C	Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C
Atmosphere relative humidity	50-90 %	< 80%
Air temperature	+5 °C ÷ +30 °C	+5 °C ÷ +30 °C

O3 COATING SYSTEMS

SYSTEM FOR PROTECTION OF CONCRETE AND REINFORCED-CONCRETE STRUCTURES

Lifetime	Low (less than 7 years)					
System number	1		2			
	Material	DFT	Material	DFT		
Primer	TRIOCOR™ BETON 4700	60	TRIOCOR™ TOP PRIMER 2100	60		
Top coat	TRIOCOR™ BETON 4700	60	TRIOCOR [™] TOP PRIMER 2100	60		
Total	2 layers, 12	0 µm	2 layers, 120 µm			
Surface preparation	1		1			
Air temperature	-30 °C ÷ +30 °C		-25 °C ÷ +30 °C			
Surface condition: Humidity, %	Not over 4		Not over 4			
Alcalinity, pH	Not less 7		Not less 7			
Break-down point, MPa	Not less 15		Not less 15			
Surface condition	Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C		Must be dry, t > dew point +3 °C			
Atmosphere relative humidity	< 80%		< 80%			
Metallic components and rebars	Surfac profile	e	50-75 µ	m		
Concrete	Roughness of	concrete	3SH			

	Metallic components and rebars
Dry abrasive blasting (ISO 8501-1:2007)	Sa 2½
Очистка ручным и механизированным инструментом (ИСО 8501-1:2007)	St 3

Concrete

Surfaces to be free of cement slurry, blooms, dirt in the form of fat and oil, old coatings. Treatment types recommended: hydro-abrasive, abrasive blast, mechanized, highpressure water cleaning, allowing to ensure roughness of concrete.

6. THE CONTROL OF THE FORMED PAINT COATING

After complete formation, the coating is subject to visual inspection for the presence of staining defects. The list of the most common defects, their causes and methods of elimination are given below:

Defects	Reasons	Prevention		
Sags	Viscosity below normal	Use materials with standard viscosity		
	Too thick the material layer	Reduce material consumption		
	The distance from the airbrush to the surface is shorter than normal, the sprayer incorrectly oriented	Keep the airbrush perpendicular to the surface at a 200-400 mm distance		
	The airbrush moves slow on the surface	Speed up the sprayer		
	Too high surface temperature (in case use two-pack materials)	Reduce material temperature		
	To fix the sags: until the material began to dry, remove it After drying the film, the defective areas must be cleaned	with a brush. d and coated again.		
Orange peel	Poor dispersion of particles caused by low pressure at the nozzle exit	Regulate the pressure		
	Low air temperature during the material application	Stop the painting before establishment permissible temperature		
	Increased material viscosity	Use materials with standart viscosity		
	Too fast thinner evaporation	Use according with regulatory documentation thinner		
	Remove the coating and then re-apply			
Peeling	Poor surface preparation	Carefully supervise the preparation surface		
	Incompatibility with the bottom coating	Make the right selection of the coating system		
	Contamination of the intermediate coating layer	Carefully control surface cleanliness		
	Application material on the overdried lower layers	Sand the surface. Observe the terms of drying layers		
	Application at low temperature and high humidity	Stop painting to establish permissible temperature and humidity		
	Remove the coating and then re-apply			
Dry spray	Spray distance to surface is too large	Keep the airbrush on the right distance from the painted surface		
	Too large spray angle	Keep the airbrush on the right angle		
	The thinner evaporates too quickly	Use correct solvent		
	Too high air temperature	Stop the painting to reduce the temperature to acceptable values		
	Remove the coating and then re-apply			
Bleeding	Invasion of the coloring pigments from the previous layer to the next	Change the coating system		
Cratering	Porosity of the painted surface or the previous coating layer	Control the surface preparation and application of each coating layer		
	The paint is applied at higher air temperatures or on a dirty surface	Comply with technological requirements documentation		
	Water and air bubbles in the paint	Change the material		
	Remove the coating and then re-apply			

THE CONTROL OF THE FORMED PAINT COATING

Bubbling	Using of thinners not covered by the documentation	Use of thinners, covered by the documentation		
	Insufficient cleaning of the surface from soluble salt, moisture, oils, and other pollutants	Thorough washing or degreasing of the surface		
	Material's pollution by water and mineral oils	Change the material		
	Presence of air bubbles in paintwork material	Change the material		
	Remove the coating and then re-apply			
Cracking	Paint application to uneven by thickness layer	Paint application evenly in thickness		
	Application material on the overdried lower layers	Observe the terms of drying layers		
	Increased temperature of painted surface	Stop painting to establish permissible temperature		
	Applying too thick paint coat	Apply paint coat with necessary thickness		
	Applying paint on undiluted previous layer	Observe the terms of drying layers		
	Remove the coating and then re-apply			
Uneven gloss, different shades of color	Low temperature and high humidity paint application	Stop painting until temperature and humidity reach required levels		
	Moisture in the material	Change the material		
	Bad stirring of paint before application	Stir paint thoroughly		
	Smooth out the coating then apply an extra layer of paint			
Dust contamination	Surface contamination by mechanical impurities, poor filtration	Filter the paint		
	Surface contamination by mechanical particles	Closely monitor the cleanliness surfaces before painting		
	Smooth out the coating then apply an extra layer of paint			

TRIOCOR[™] ZINC 1700

Epoxy zinc rich primer

DESCRIPTION:

A two-pack epoxy zinc rich primer with high zinc dust content.

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE: As a primer to give protection of steel as part of an anti-corrosive coating system in severely corrosive environments up to C5 as defined in ISO 12944-2 including industrial, oil&gas and infrastructure facilities. It has good resistance to splashes from sea water, fresh water, oil and refined products. May be used at temperature up to +150 °C. May be used as a repair primer for galvanised surfaces

Film thicknesses:	Typical thicknesses:
Theoretical spreading rate:	0,097 l/m² - DFT 60 μm
Volume solids:	62±5%
Colour:	Grey
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:	

thicknesses:

Film thicknesses	WFT, µm	DFT, µm
Minimum	65	40
Maximum	161	100

Drying times:

Drying times for DFT 60 μm

Surface	0°C	5°C	10 °C	15 °C	20 °C	25 °C	30 °C	35 °C
temperature								
To touch	35 min	15 min	14 min	12 min	10 min	9 min	7 min	5 min
To recoat								
TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500	8 h	4 h	3 h	2,5 h	2 h	1,5 h	1h	0,5 h

Drying time is thickness dependent. These figures are given as a guide only. Factors such as air movement and humidity must also be considered.

If TRIOCOR™ ZINC 1700 is exposed to the weather, there is a risk of the formation of zinc salts on the surface, which must be removed by flash blasting or washing down prior to overcoating, otherwise intercoat adhesion may be adversely affected. The rate of zinc salt formation will vary from one location to another. Under severe conditions e.g. marine coastal, offshore or heavy industrial areas, it is strongly recommended that overcoating takes place within 7 days.

SURFACE PREPARATION:

Apply only on a dry and clean surface with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. There are following surface preparation stages: remedy imperfections to P2 in accordance with ISO 8501-3; remove oil and grease (if necessary; recommended solvent - P4); remove salt if necessary; blast clean to Sa 2½ in accordance with GOST R ISO 8501-1-2014 with average surface profile in the range 50-75 microns, if maintenance clean damaged areas thoroughly to minimum P St 3; dust, blast abrasives shall be removed from the surface after blast cleaning such that the particle quantity and particle size do not exceed rating 2 of ISO 8502-3.

APPLICATION DETAILS: Material preparation:

A two component material. Before mixing with the Additive stir the Base and the Additive separately. Mixing Ratio: 4 parts Base to 1 part Additive by volume, maintain stirring to have the wet paint as a homogeneous mixture.

Pot life:	10 h − 15 °C; 8 h − 20 °C; 4 h − 35 °C
Application method:	Airless spray / Manual application
Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 0002 (if necessary), up to 5% by volume for airless spray. Contact your O3–COATINGS representative for additional data.
Nozzle size (recommended):	.009"017"
Operating pressure (recommended):	(120–160) bar
Cleaning of tools:	Thinner TRIOSOLV ^{TTM} 0002 (other solvents may be used in consultation with O3-COATINGS).
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above –10 °C; Relative humidity: 85% maximum; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	
Preceding coat:	None
Subsequent coat:	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500. Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data.
STORAGE:	18 months from date of manufacture. Store in dry, shaded conditions at temperature betweer O °C and +30 °C in hermetic original package away from UV rays and other sources of heat.
ADDITIONAL NOTE:	Numerical values quoted for physical data may vary slightly from batch to batch.
PACKAGE:	Base – 10 L container; Additive – 3 L container.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR™ ZINC 1700?

Quick dry epoxy zinc reach primer

This type of primer is widely used for protection of industrial facilities, where durability and speed of application of coating system are the principal requirements. Dry to touch: 10 minutes at 20 °C. Curing down to minus 10 °C. Offers exceptional anti-corrosion protection. May be used as a repair primer for galvanised surfaces. No induction time. Independently tested and certified as part of a three coat systems to provide corrosion protection in N1, NF1, F1 environments in accordance with GOST 15150–69.

TRIOCOR[™] MASTIC 4500

Modified epoxy primer

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A two-pack high-build modified epoxy zinc phosphate primer.

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:

Multi-functional epoxy coating is suitable for the protection of steelwork, including industrial, oil&gas and infrastructure facilities exposed up to C5 as defined in ISO 12944. May be used at temperature up to +120 °C. Not for immersion service.

Pŀ	IYSI	CAL	CON	ISTAN	TS:

Colour:	Grey
Volume solids:	70±5%
Theoretical spreading rate:	0,107 l/m² - DFT 75 µm
Film thicknesses:	Typical thicknesses
	Film thicknesses
	Minimum

Film thicknesses	WFT, µm	DFT, µm
Minimum	107	75
Maximum	393	275

Drying times:	Drying times for DFT 75 µm:								
	Surface	0°C	5°C	10 °C	15 °C	20 °C	25 °C	30 °C	35 °C
	temperature								
	To touch	9h	5 h	2 ½ h	1 ½ h	1¼ h	1 h	55 min	¾ h
	To recoat								
	TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500	32 h	16 h	8 h	5 h	4 h	3 h	2½ h	2 h
	TRIOCOR [™] FINISH 5500	32 h	16 h	8 h	5 h	4 h	3 h	2½ h	2 h
Surface preparation:	Drying time is thickness dependent. These figures are given as a guide only. Factors such as air movement and humidity must also be considered. Apply only on a dry and clean surface with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. There are following surface preparation stages: remedy imperfections to P2 in accordance with ISO 8501–3; remove oil and grease (if necessary; recommended solvent – P4); remove salt if necessary; blast clean to Sa 2½ in accordance with GOST R ISO 8501–1–2014 with average surface profile in the range 50–75 microns, if maintenance clean damaged areas thoroughly to minimum P St 3; dust, blast abrasives shall be removed from the surface after blast cleaning such that the particle quantity and particle size do not exceed rating 2 of ISO 8502–3.								
APPLICATION DETAILS: Material preparation:	A two component material. Before mixing with the Additive stir the Base and the Additive separately. Mixing Ratio is given in product certificates of quality.								
Pot life:	2½ h − 15 °C; 1½ h − 20 °C; 1 h − 35 °C								
Application method:	Airless spray / Manual application								
Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 0002 (if necessary), up to 7,5% by volume for airless spray. Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data.						your		

Nozzle size (recommended):	.013"019"
Operating pressure (recommended):	Not less than 150 bar
Cleaning of tools:	Thinner TRIOSOLV m 0002 (other solvents may be used in consultation with O3-COATINGS).
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above -10 °C; Relative humidity: 90% maximum; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	
Preceding coat:	TRIOCOR™ ZINC 1700. Contact your O3–COATINGS representative for additional data.
Subsequent coat:	TRIOCOR ^{TIM} FINISH 5500. Contact your O3–COATINGS representative for additional data.
STORAGE:	24 months from date of manufacture. Store in dry, shaded conditions at temperature between 0 °C and +30 °C in hermetic original package away from UV rays and other sources of heat.
ADDITIONAL NOTE:	Numerical values quoted for physical data may vary slightly from batch to batch.
PACKAGE:	Set "Base – Additive" 20 L
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500?

Multi-functional epoxy primer /intermediate coating/ top coat zinc phosphate material Multi-functional epoxy coating is suitable for the protection of steelwork in a range of exposure environments from C1 to C5 as defined in ISO 12944. Not for immersion service

Shows excellent weathering performance. Contains zinc phosphate. Broad application thickness range: 75 microns to 275 microns dft. Fast drying: to touch – 1 hour 15 minutes, to recoat – 4 hours at 20 °C. Curing down to minus 10 °C. Indefinitely overcoatable by itself. The first layer can be shop applied, the second layer – on site applied. Adapting to project schedules without risking performance. No induction time.

TRIOCOR[™] MASTIC 4500 (MIO)

Modified epoxy primer

DESCRIPTION:

A two-pack high-build modified epoxy MIO-pigment primer.

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:

Multi-functional epoxy coating is suitable for the protection of steelwork in a range of exposure environments from C1 to C5 as defined in ISO 12944, including industrial, oil&gas and infrastructure facilities exposed up to C5, as defined in ISO 12944–2. Not for immersion service.

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:

Colour:	Grey
Volume solids:	70±5%

Theoretical spreading rate:

Толщина покрытия:

Typical thicknesses:

0,107 l/m² for DFT 75 µm

Film thicknesses	WFT, µm	DFT, µm
Minimum	107	75
Maximum	393	275

Drying times:

Drying times for DFT 75 µm:

Surface temperature	0°C	5°C	10 °C	15 °C	20 °C	25 °C	30 °C	35 °C
To touch	9h	5h	2½ h	1½h	1¼h	1h	55 min.	¾ h
To recoat								
TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500 (MIO)	20 h	14 b	0 6	E b	1 6	2 h	01/ h	0 h
TRIOCOR [™] FINISH 5500	32 N	ION	on	nc	4 N	зп	∠72 N	ΖN

Drying time is thickness dependent. These figures are given as a guide only. Factors such as air movement and humidity must also be considered.

Surface preparation:

Apply only on a dry and clean surface with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. There are following surface preparation stages: remedy imperfections to P2 in accordance with ISO 8501–3; remove oil and grease (if necessary; recommended solvent — P4); remove salt if necessary; blast clean to Sa ½ in accordance with GOST R ISO 8501–1–2014 with average surface profile in the range 50–75 microns, if maintenance clean damaged areas thoroughly to minimum P St 3; dust, blast abrasives shall be removed from the surface after blast cleaning such that the particle quantity and particle size do not exceed rating 2 of ISO 8502–3.

APPLICATION DETAILS: Material preparation:

A two component material. Before mixing with the Additive stir the Base and the Additive separately. Mixing Ratio is given in product certificates of quality.

Pot life:	2½ h − 15 °C; 1½ h − 20 °C; 1 h − 35 °C
Application method:	Airless spray / Manual application
Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 0002 (if necessary), up to 5% by volume for airless spray. Contact your 03−COATINGS representative for additional data.
Nozzle size (recommended):	.013"019"
Operating pressure (recommended):	Not less than 150 bar
Cleaning of tools:	Thinner TRIOSOLV ^{TTM} 0002 (other solvents may be used in consultation with O3-COATINGS).
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above –10 °C; Relative humidity: 90% maximum; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	
Preceding coat:	TRIOCOR ^{m} ZINC 1700. Contact your O3–COATINGS representative for additional data.
Subsequent coat:	TRIOCOR $^{\rm TM}$ FINISH 5500. Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data.
STORAGE:	24 months from date of manufacture. Store in dry, shaded conditions at temperature between 0 °C and +30 °C in hermetic original package away from UV rays and other sources of heat.
ADDITIONAL NOTE:	Numerical values quoted for physical data may vary slightly from batch to batch.
PACKAGE:	Set "Base – Additive" 20 L
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500 (MIO)?

A two-pack high-build modified epoxy MIO-pigment primer.

Multi-functional epoxy primer / intermediate coating / top coat suitable for the protection of steelwork in a range of exposure environments from C1 to C5. Not for immersion service.

Shows excellent weathering performance. Contains MIO-pigment primer. Broad application thickness range: 75 microns to 275 microns DFT Indefinitely overcoatable by itself. The first layer can be shop applied, the second layer – on site applied Combines thick layer application with fast drying

Updated: October 2023

DESCRIPTION:	A one-pack quick-drying enamel based on synthetic film forming substance of polybutylacrylate.								
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	For anticorrosion protection of metal structures which have various functional use, industrial objects and infrastructure objects exploited in conditions of atmospheric corrosive activity from very low (1 to bigh C4 (ISO 12944-2))								
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS		. (100 12)).						
Colour:	Croy Tinting according to PAL								
		ng to nal							
Volume solids:	43±5%								
Theoretical spreading rate:	0,189 kg/m², for DFT 60 μm								
Film thicknesses:	Typical thicknesses								
	Film thicknesses			WFT, µ	Im		D	FT, μm	
	Minimum			90				40	
	Maximum			190				80	
	Recommended			140				60	
	L								,
Drying times and	Drying times for DFT	60 µm:					1	1	
recoating intervals:	Surface temperature	-30 °C	-20 °C	–10 °C	0°C	5°C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C
	Drying to degree 3 (allows to recoat)	24 h	18 h	12 h	6 h	3 h	2 h	45 min	30 min
	Drying to degree 6	5 days	3,5 days	2,5 days	24 h	12 h	8 h	2,5 h	2 h
	The maximum recoating interval is unlimited. Period of full formation of coating (possible to operate) – 3 days at 20 °C. Drying time is thickness dependent. Drying times specified in this section are given as a guide only. It is necessary to take into account the presence of air flows and relative humidity when assessing actual drying time.						a guide y when		
Surface preparation:	The product is applied to a prepared surface. Prepared surface should be dry, clean and uniform, its temperature should be at least 3 °C above the dew point. Typical preparation process of the primed surface includes cleaning, oil and grease removing (if necessary), salt removing (if necessary), salt removing								
APPLICATION DETAILS:		0 (57		0				
Material preparation:	Material is one-packa	aged; stir t	horoughl	y for 3–5	minutes b	efore ap	plication.		
Application method:	Airless spraying / Pne	eumatic sp	praying / N	Manual ap	oplication				
Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 0003. Make the dilution in increments of 1 vol. %. The dilution value amounts: – When using airless spraying – (0−5) vol. %; – When using pneumatic spraying – (5–15) vol. %; – When using brush or roller (strip painting, complex shape products, areas up to 1 m²) – (5–15) vol. %.) – (5–15)			
Nozzle size (recommended):	– When using airless spraying – .013"019". – When using pneumatic spraying – (1,5–2,0) mm.								

Operating pressure (recommended):	– When using airless spraying – (150–180) bar. – When using pneumatic spraying – (2,0–2,5) bar.
Cleaning of tools:	Xylene, TRIOSOLV ^{TTT} 0003
Application conditions:	Air temperature from −30 °C to +30 °C; Relative humidity no more than 80%; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	To be used as an enamel for alkyd, alkyd-modified and acrylic primer layers. During repair material is applied as an independent coating. For detailed information, contact O3-COATINGS.
STORAGE:	12 months from the date of manufacturing. Product should be stored in dry, dark space at temperatures between -40 °C to +40 °C in the original sealed packaging, away from heat and ignition sources, avoiding direct exposure to UV-rays and ingress of moisture.
ADDITIONAL NOTE:	Numerical values quoted for physical data may vary slightly from batch to batch.
PACKAGE:	Container (net weight 20 kg).
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR[™] FINISH 5100?

A one-pack quick-drying enamel

For anticorrosion protection of metal structures which have various functional use, industrial objects and infrastructure objects exploited in conditions of atmospheric corrosive activity from very low C1 to high C4.

Fast dry: to touch 45 minutes at 20 °C, to degree 6–2,5 hours at 20 °C Available in a wide range of colors (via RAL catalogue) Offers good gloss and color retention

DESCRIPTION:	A two-pack acrylic polyurethane topcoat.								
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	As a topcoat to give protection of steel as part of an anti-corrosive coating system in severely corrosive environments up to C5 as defined in ISO 12944–2 including industrial and infrastructure facilities. It has high-performance decorative properties and very good gloss and colour retention under UV rays. May be used at temperature up to +120 °C.								
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:									
Colour:	Via RAL catalogue.								
Volume solids:	55±5%								
Theoretical spreading rate:	0,091 l/m², for DFT 50 μm								
Film thicknesses:	Normal range of dry film thicknesses (DFT) is 50–80 µm, maximum sag tolerance with overlap typically 100 µm								
Film thicknesses:	Typical thicknesses:								
	Film thicknesses				WFT, µm			DFT, µm	
	Recommended				91			50	
Drying times:	Drying times for DFT 50 µm:								
	Substrate temperature	0°C	5°C	10 °C	15 °C	20 °C	25 °C	30 °C	35 °C
	To touch	6 h	3 h	2 h	1h	50 min	45 min	35 min	30 min
	To recoat:								
	TRIOCOR [™] FINISH 5500	24 h	16 h	12 h	8 h	7 h	6 h	5 h	4 h
	Drying time is thickness depend air movement and humidity mu	dent. Th Ist also	nese fig be con	gures ar Isidered	e given I.	as a guic	de only. Fa	actors su	ch as
Surface preparation:	This material should be applied on prior prepared and primed surface. Ensure surfaces to be coated are clean, dry and free from all surface contamination, with a temperature at least						to be ast		
	3 °C above the dew point. Typical surface preparation includes degreasing (if necessary), salt removing (if necessary) and dust removing from primed surface.								
	If the maximum overcoating interval of primed surface is exceeded, roughening of the surface								

APPLICATION DETAILS:

Material preparation:

A two component material. Before mixing with the Additive stir the Base and the Additive separately. Mixing Ratio: 9 parts Base to 1 part Additive by volume, maintain stirring to have the wet paint as a homogeneous mixture.

Pot life:	3½ h − 15 °C	2½ h – 20 °C	1 h – 35 °C
Application method:	Airless spray / Manu	al application	
Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV™	0003 (if necessary), u	up to 10% by volume.

Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data.

is necessary to ensure intercoat adhesion.

Nozzle size (recommended):	.011"015"
Operating pressure (recommended):	150-200 bar
Cleaning of tools:	Thinner TRIOSOLV ^{TTM} 0003 (other solvents may be used in consultation with O3-COATINGS).
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above –10 °C; Relative humidity: 85% maximum; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	
Грунтовка:	TRIOCOR™ MASTIC 4500. Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data.
STORAGE:	For base: 24 months from date of manufacture, for additive: 12 months from date of manufacture. Store in dry, shaded conditions at temperature between +0 °C and +30 °C in hermetic original package away from UV rays and other sources of heat.
ADDITIONAL NOTE:	Numerical values quoted for physical data may vary slightly from batch to batch.
PACKAGE:	Base – 20 L container; Additive – 3 L container.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500?

Acrylic polyurethane coating

For epoxy coatings and fire protection systems, when durable and high-quality top coat is required, that can withstand to severely corrosive environment and UV rays. Available in a wide range of colors via RAL catalogue Excellent gloss and color retention Curing down to -10 °C No induction time Indefinitely overcoatable by itself. That is important for logo's application

DESCRIPTION:

A one-pack quick-drying primer based on synthetic film forming substance.

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE: For anticorrosion protection of metal structures which have various functional use, industrial objects and infrastructure objects exploited in conditions of atmospheric corrosive activity from very low C1 to high C4 (ISO 12944–2).

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:	
Colour:	Red brown, grey. Tinting according to RAL
Volume solids:	56±5%

0,149 kg/m², for DFT 60 μm

Theoretical spreading rate:

Typical thicknesses

Film thicknesses	WFT, µm	DFT, µm
Minimum	70	40
Maximum	180	100
Recommended	110	60

The recommended number of layers -1-2.

Film thicknesses:

Drying times for DFT 60 µm:

Surface temperature	5°C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C
To touch	3 h	1,5 h	20 min	10 min
To recoat	4 h	2 h	30 min	15 min

The maximum recoating interval is unlimited.

Drying time is thickness dependent. Drying times specified in this section are given as a guide only. It is necessary to take into account the presence of air flows and relative humidity when assessing actual drying time.

Film thicknesses:

The product is applied to a prepared metal surface. The preparation process includes the following stages: remedy imperfections to P2 in accordance with ISO 8501–3; remove oil and grease (if necessary; recommended solvent – R4); blast clean to Sa 2½ in accordance with ISO 8501–1, local P St 3 cleaning is allowed; remove salt (if necessary); dust, blast abrasives shall be removed from the surface after blast cleaning such that the particle quantity and particle size do not exceed rating 2 of ISO 8502–3.

Prepared surface should be dry, it' temperature should be at least 3 °C above the dew point. Recoating interval of prepared metal surface should not exceed 6 hours in accordance with ISO 8502–4.

Material preparation: Material is one-packaged; stir thoroughly for 3–5 minutes before application.

Airless spraying / Manual application.

Application method:

APPLICATION DETAILS:

Thinner TRIOSOLVTM 0003 TRIOSOLVTM 0003 (in case of necessary). Make the dilution in increments of 1 vol. %.

For airless spraying: (0–5) vol. %. For application with a brush or roller (strip painting, complex shape products, areas up to 1 m²): (5–15) vol. %.

Thinner:

.013"-.019"

Operating pressure (recommended):	150–180 bar
Cleaning of tools:	Xylene, TRIOSOLV™ 0003.
Application conditions	Air temperature from plus 5 °C to plus 30 °C; Relative humidity no more than 80%; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	To be used as a primer for alkyd, alkyd-modified and acrylic top layers. Recommended material for recoating: TRIOCOR TM FINISH 5100. For detailed information, contact O3-COATINGS.
	12 months from the date of manufacturing. Product should be stored in dry, dark space at temperatures between –40 °C to +40 °C in the original sealed packaging, away from heat and ignition sources, avoiding direct exposure to UV-rays and ingress of moisture.
	Numerical values quoted for physical data may vary slightly from batch to batch.
STORAGE:	Container (net weight 20 kg).
ADDITIONAL NOTE:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.
PACKAGE:	Container (net weight 20 kg).
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR[™] PRIMER 1100?

A one-pack quick-drying primer

For anticorrosion protection of metal structures which have various functional use, industrial objects and infrastructure objects exploited in conditions of atmospheric corrosive activity from very low C1 to high C4.

Fast dry: to touch 20 minutes at 20 °C, to recoat 30 minutes at 20 °C. To be used as a primer for alkyd, alkyd-modified and acrylic top layers. Available in a wide range of colors (via RAL catalogue).

TRIOCOR[™] TOP PRIMER 2100

Quick-drying primer-enamel

DESCRIPTION:

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:

A one-pack quick-drying primer-enamel based on synthetic film forming substance

Primer-enamel is used for corrosion protection of metal structures, concrete structures, communications and equipment operated in moderate, moderately cold and cold climates and atmospheric corrosion activity from very low C1 to high C4 (ISO 12944–2). Primer-enamel is tolerant to surface preparation (the degree of preparation Sa 2, St 2 is allowed). It is applied and cured at temperatures from –25 °C. It can be used as a repair material, compatible with most types of old paint coatings. The operating temperature of the coating is from –60 °C to +40 °C.

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS: Appearance of the coating, colour:

Theoretical spreading rate:

Matte, semi-matte coating. Tinting according to RAL 42±5%

0,200 kg/m², at DFT of 60 microns

Wet and dry film thickness table

Film thickness	WFT, microns	DFT, microns
Minimum	120	50
Maximum	190	80
Recommended	143	60

Drying times:

Volume solids:

Drying times at DFT of 60 microns

, ,								
temperature of environment	−25 °C	–20 °C	–10 °C	0°C	5°C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C
to recoat	48 h	36 h	18 h	9 h	6 h	2 h	1h	30 min

The maximum recoating interval is unlimited.

The drying time of the coating at a temperature of (20±2) °C before transportation is possible is at least 12 hours. The time of complete curing of the coating at a temperature of (20±2) °C is at least 7 days.

The drying time is determined by the layer thickness actually applied. The drying time values given in this section are of a recommendatory nature. When assessing the actual values of the drying time, it is also necessary to take into account the presence of air flows and relative humidity.

SURFACE PREPARATION:

The material is applied to a pre-prepared surface.

- Steel surface:

The surface to be painted must be dry, clean and uniform with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. A typical surface preparation scheme includes the elimination of metal surface defects to the degree of P2 according to ISO 8501–3 (at the same time, sharp edges and corners must be rounded with a radius of at least 2 mm), abrasive blasting to the degree of Sa 2 according to ISO 8501–1 (local application of cleaning by hand or mechanical tools to the degree of St 2 is allowed), degreasing to the degree of 1 according to GOST 9.402, desalination (if necessary), roughness assessment (must correspond to the average (G) profile according to ISO 8503–1) and dedusting with compressed air of group 2 according to GOST 9.010 to a degree of no more than 2 with a particle size of no more than class 2 (according to ISO 8502–3).

- Concrete surface: the surface to be painted must be dry, solid, durable, have no cracks, potholes, protruding fittings, sinks, surges, have the required roughness class, must be free from contamination - cement milk, dirt, dust, oil contamination.

– Old compatible coatings: must be dry, free of foreign inclusions, dust, dirt, and have the appropriate roughness. A more detailed description of the preparation of surfaces of various types is given in the instructions for applying primer enamel.

APPLICATION DETAILS:

Material preparation:	The material is one-pack, before application it is required to mix thoroughly for 5–7 minutes until a homogeneous state.
Application method:	Airless spraying / pneumatic spraying / manual application
Thinner:	TRIOSOLV [™] 0002. Make the dilution in increments of 1 vol. %. The recommended dilution value is: – For airless spraying – (0–5) vol. %; – For pneumatic spraying – (0–15) vol. %; – For application with a brush or roller (strip painting, complex shape products, areas up to 1 m²) – (0–5) vol. %.
№zzle size (recommended):	– For airless spraying – .013"019". – For pneumatic spraying – (1,5–2,0) mm
Operating pressure (recommended):	– For airless spraying – (150–180) bar. – For pneumatic spraying – (2,0–3,5) bar
Cleaning of tools:	TRIOSOLV [™] 0002.
Application conditions:	 Air temperature from +25 °C to +30 °C. Relative humidity no more than 80%; Prepared surface should be dry, it' temperature should be at least 3 °C above the dew point. In closed rooms it is necessary to provide supply-and-exhaust ventilation during application and drying to the extent necessary.
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	It is used as an independent coating, and also as an enamel for alkyd, alkyd-modified and acrylic primer layers., as well as compatible coatings of other types. For detailed information, contact «O3–COATINGS».
STORAGE:	12 months from the date of manufacturing. Product should be stored in dry, dark space at temperatures between –40 °C to +40 °C in the original sealed packaging, away from heat and ignition sources, avoiding direct exposure to UV-rays and ingress of moisture.
ADDITIONAL NOTE:	Small deviations of numerical values of physical quantities are acceptable.
PACKAGE:	Container (net weight 20 kg).
HEALTH ANDSAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR[™] PRIMER 2100?

Quick-drying primer-enamel.

A one-pack quick-drying primer-enamel based on synthetic film forming substance Primer-enamel is tolerant to surface preparation (the degree of preparation Sa 2, St 2 is allowed).

It is applied and cured at temperatures from –25 °C. It can be used as a repair material, compatible with most types of old paint coatings. Available in a wide range of colors (via RAL catalogue).

TRIOCOR[™] ABRASIV 4400

Modified epoxy material

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A two-pack epoxy material cured by polyamine pigmented with "Glassflakes".

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:

The coating is abrasive resistant, resistant to spills of oil and petroleum products, nonconcentrated solutions of acids, alkalis, salts, designed for corrosion protection of metal structures. For industrial and marine atmospheres, variable wetting zones and immersion zones, petrochemical facilities, ports, offshore and offshore projects. The material can be applied as a single coating or in complex anticorrosive protection systems with recoating PU materials. The coating can be hardened under water therefore, the coating can be immersed in water after application. Operating temperature from –60 °C to +120 °C

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:

Appearance	of the	coating,	col	our:
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/olume solids:

Theoretical spreading rate:

Recommended thickness of one coat:

Wet and dry film thickness table:

Drying time at DFT 200 microns:

Grey. 85±5%

Film thickness	WFT, microns	DFT, microns		
Minimum	120	100		
Maximum	350	300		
It is recommended to obtain a thickness of 2 or 3 coats				

N≥te: Phoenix micro marble (0.5–1.0) mm (TU 08.12.12–001–45665168–2019) or another option agreed upon with O3–COUTINGS may be used. The recommended time interval between the completion of the second coat of TRIOCOR ABRASIVE 4400 and the application of the abrasive at a temperature of (20+/–2) °C is 2 hours. Application technology should follow Technical Instruction N≥ 2413/68.

Drying and recoating times: Drying times:

SURFACE PREPARATION

Surface temperature	5°C	20 °C	30 °C	40 °C
Drying to degree 3 (GOST standard 19007)	24 h	8 h	6 h	4 h
Drying to degree 6 (GOST standard 19007)	72 h	24 h	16 h	10 h
Recoating time				
minimum	26 h	9 h	7 h	5 h
maximum	6 months			

After drying the coating to a degree of 3, the coating can be immersed in fresh water; after drying to a degree of 6 - in fresh and sea water.

The product is applied to a prepared metal surface. Typical process includes the following stages: remedy imperfections to P2 (in operating conditions from C1 to C4 according to ISO 12944–2) or P3 (in operating conditions from C5 according to ISO 12944–2) in accordance with ISO 8501–3; remove oil and grease (if necessary); blast clean to Sa 2,5 in accordance with ISO 8501–1, using hand and mechanized cleaning method to St 3 in accordance with ISO 8501–1; remove salt (if necessary); the surface is dedusting to degree 2 with particle size do not exceed rating 2 of ISO 8502–3. Prepared surface should be dry, it' temperature should be at least 3 °C above the dew point.

APPLICATION DETAILS::	·
Material preparation:	A two-component material. Mix the base and component separately before mixing. Mixing Ratio: – 5 parts of Base to 1 part of Additive by volume; – 100 parts of Base to 13,3 part of Additive by weight.
Pot life:	1 h at 20 °C
Application method:	Airless spraying / Manual application.

Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 0002 (if necessary), up to 10% by volume at airless spraying. For detailed information, contact «O3−COATINGS».		
№zzle size (recommended):	.019"025"		
Operating pressure (recommended):	No less than 150 bar.		
Cleaning of tools:	TRIOSOLV [™] 0002. (Can be to use other solvents in agreement with the company "O3-COATINGS")		
Application conditions:	Air temperature	From +5 °C to +30 °C	
	Relative humidity	10-85%	
	(In closed rooms it is necessary to pro and drying to the extent necessary).	ovide supply-and-exhaust ventilation during application	
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	Preceding coat: none. Subsequent coat: none or PU materials, for example TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500 Note: This material chalk during operation outdoors without finish coating.		
STORAGE:	24 months from date of manufacture. Product should be stored in dry, dark space at temperatures between +5 °C to +30 °C in the original sealed packaging, avoiding direct exposure to UV-rays and other sources of heat.		
TRANSPORTATION:	It is recommended to transport at a temperature between 0 °C and +30 °C, avoiding direct exposure to UV-rays and other sources of heat. This material can be transported at negative temperatures up to minus 40 °C for a duration of 14 days.		
PACKAGE:	Base – 20 L container; Additive – 5 L container;		
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.		

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR[™] ABRASIV 4400?

A two-pack epoxy material cured by polyamine pigmented

Can be used as a standalone coating for immersion and burial (i.e., in operational areas without UV exposure). For industrial and marine atmospheres, variable wetting zones and immersion zones, petrochemical facilities, ports, offshore and offshore projects.

Allows for various surface preparation levels. After the coating has cured to level 3, it is permissible to immerse painted structures in freshwater, and after curing to level 6, in both freshwater and seawater.

TRIOCOR[™] BETON 4700

Enamel primer

DESCRIPTION:	A one-pack quick-drying anticorrosive enamel primer based on organic solution of complex synthetic film forming substance, which forms weather-resistant and keeping color and appearance coating.			
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	Material for using as a weather-resistant anticorrosive coating for metal, concrete and reinforced concrete intended for exploitation in conditions of atmospheric corrosive activity from C1 to C4 according to ISO 12944–2, in moderate, moderately cold and cold climate. Application to the old coatings based on alkyd, acrylic, epoxy and other film forming substances is allowed.			
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:				
Colour:	Tinting according to RAL.			
Volume solids:	43±5%			
Theoretical spreading rate:	120-240 g/m²			
Film thicknesses:	Recommended range of one-layer coat	ing when applying	by using airless spr	aying:
	Film thickness	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
	Dry film thickness, µm:	40	60	80
	Wet film thickness, µm	90	140	190
Drying times and	Drying times at (20±2) °C:			
recoating intervals:	To recoat by next layer			1,5 h
	For canting			6 h
	For full curing and exploitation			3 days
	Curing time specified for typical dry fil necessary to take into account the pre actual drying time.	m thickness. Reco esence of air flows	ating interval is unl and relative humid	imited. It is ity when assessing
Surface preparation:	Steel surfaces should be cleared of oil and grease to grade 1 according to GOST 9.402, cleared by using blast cleaning to Sa 2 or mechanical methods to St 2 according to GOST R ISO 8501–1 or to grade 2 according GOST 9.402. Then removing dust and blast abrasives by using compressedair of group 2 to grade 2 according to GOST 9.402 is required. Concrete surface should be dry, strong, have required class of roughness. It should not have cracks, potholes, protruding reinforcement, shells, influxes. Before applying of the material surface should be cleaned of dirt, dust, oil and laitance.			
APPLICATION DETAILS:				
Material preparation:	Material is one-packaged; stir thoroug	hly to homogeneo	us consistency bef	ore application.
Application method:	Airless spraying / Manual application			
Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 0003. Make the dilution in increments of 1 vol. %. The dilution value amounts: – When using airless spraying – (0−5) vol. %: – When using brush or roller (strip painting, complex shape products, areas up to 1 m²) – (5–15) vol. %.			
Nozzle size (recommended):	.013"019"			

Operating pressure (recommended):	150–180 bar
Cleaning of tools:	Toluene, xylene, TRIOSOLV ^{TTT} 0003.
Application conditions:	 Air temperature from -30 °C to +30 °C; Relative humidity no more than 80%; Temperature of the paintable surface is as minimum 3 °C above the dew point; Absence of moisture on the paintable surface. (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	To be used as a single coating and as a topcoat. For detailed information, contact O3-COATINGS.
STORAGE:	12 months from the date of manufacturing. Product should be stored in dry, dark space at temperatures between –40 °C to +40 °C in the original sealed packaging, away from heat and ignition sources, avoiding direct exposure to UV-rays and ingress of moisture.
ADDITIONAL NOTE:	Numerical values quoted for physical data may vary slightly from batch to batch.
PACKAGE:	Container (net weight 20 kg).
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR[™] BETON 4700?

A one-pack quick-drying anticorrosive enamel primer

Material for using as a weather-resistant anticorrosive coating for metal, concrete and reinforced concrete intended for exploitation in conditions of atmospheric corrosive activity from C1 to C4 according to ISO 12944–2, in moderate, moderately cold and cold climate.

Can be applied over old coatings based on alkyd, acryl, epoxy and others filming agents. Available in a wide range of colors via RAL catalogue. Fast drying to recoat – 90 minutes at 20 °C.

TRIOCOR[™] NS 4511

Epoxy coating

DESCRIPTION:

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:

Two-component epoxy coating of polyamide curing with high molecular weight.

It can be used as a primer layer as part of a system operated under ambient conditions (with an operating temperature of up to 120 °C) or immersed in liquid (with an operating temperature of up to 50 °C). It can be used for qualitatively prepared surfaces made of carbon, stainless and galvanized steel, steel with applied interoperable primer, aluminum, concrete, as well as surfaces with zinc metallization. It can be used for surfaces and pipelines made of structural steel, operated in very aggressive environments and under water. Recommended for offshore environments, oil refineries, power plants, bridges, buildings and mining equipment.

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

Colour:

Volume solids:

Theoretical spreading rate:

Film thicknesses:

Table of wet and dry film thicknesses:

0,138 л/м² – at 90 microns DFT

Gray, red-brown

65±5%

Film thicknesses	WFT, microns	DFT, microns
Minimum	120	80
Maximum	380	250
Recommended	140	90

Drying and recoating times:

Drying times at (85-90) microns DFT:

	0.00	10.00	00.00	05.00
Surface temperature	0°C	10 °C	20 °C	35 °C
Drying to degree 3	16 h	9 h	5 h	2 h
Recoating time:				
TRIOCOR NS 4511 primers or another layer of the coating system (Minimum)	16 h	9 h	5 h	2 h
Maximum		6 mor	nths	
Drying to a hard film (up to degree 5, GOST 19007)	24 h	11 h	7,5 h	4 h

The drying time is determined by the actual DFT. The drying times given in this section are of a recommendatory nature. When assessing the actual drying time, it is also necessary to take into account the presence of air flows and relative humidity.

SURFACE PREPARATION:

The material is applied to a prepared and dry metal surface with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. The preparation process includes the following operations: elimination of surface defects up to P3 according to ISO 8501–3; degreasing of the surface (if necessary; recommended solvent – P4); cleaning of the carbon steel surface to the degree of Sa $2\frac{1}{2}$ according to GOST R ISO 8501–1–2014 with a recommended roughness profile of 50–75 microns, local cleaning of P St 3 is allowed during repair, and desalting of the surface (if necessary); dedusting of the surface to a degree of 2 with a particle size of no more than Class 2 according to ISO 8502–3.

APPLICATION DETAILS:

Material preparationThe material is two-component, requires mixing separately of the base and hardener before
application. Mixing in ratios: 4:1 (base: hardener) by volume with thorough mixing until smooth.Pot life:4 hours - 23 °C.Application method:Airless spraying / Pneumatic spraying / Manual application.

Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 0002 (if necessary), up to 5% by volume at airless spraying, up to 12% by volume at pneumatic spraying. For detailed information, contact «O3-COATINGS»
Nozzle size (recommended):	– .015"019" at airless spraying; – (1,7–2,0) mm at pneumatic spraying
Operating pressure (recommended):	– not less than 150 bar at airless spraying; – (1,7–2,0) bar at pneumatic spraying
Cleaning of tools:	TRIOSOLV $^{\rm m}$ 0002. (Can be to use other solvents in agreement with the company «O3-COATINGS»).
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above –10 °C; Relative humidity: 85% maximum. (In closed rooms it is necessary to provide supply-and-exhaust ventilation during application and drying to the extent necessary).
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS: Previous layer:	Epoxy coating, epoxy mastic coating, epoxy coating with zinc addition, zinc silicate coating. For more information, please contact «O3-COATINGS».
The following layer:	Acrylic coating, epoxy coating, polyurethane coating, polysiloxane. For more information, please contact «O3-COATINGS».
STORAGE:	48 months for the base, 24 months for the hardener from date of manufacture. Product should be stored in dry, dark space at temperatures between 0 °C to +30 °C in the original sealed packaging, avoiding direct exposure to UV-rays and other sources of heat.
PACKAGE	Base – containers 20 L; Hardener – containers 5 L
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR[™] NS 4511?

Epoxy coating.

It can be used for qualitatively prepared surfaces made of carbon, stainless and galvanized steel, steel with applied interoperable primer, aluminum, concrete, as well as surfaces with zinc metallization. It can be used for surfaces and pipelines made of structural steel, operated in very aggressive environments and under water. Recommended for offshore environments, oil refineries, power plants, bridges, buildings and mining equipment.

TRIOCOR[™] RVS 9510 Epoxy phenolic coating

DESCRIPTION:	A two-pack epoxy phenolic coatir	ng.				
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	For protection the internal surface of tanks and tanks for storage of industrial water, salt solutions, mineral oil, crude oil, petroleum products; isolated pipelines and equipment from carbon and stainless. Suitable for operating temperatures in a dry environment from minus 196 to plus 200 °C.					
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:						
Colour:	Grey, red					
Volume solids:	73±3%					
Theoretical spreading rate:	0,137 l/m² - DFT 125 µm					
Film thicknesses:	Recommended thickness of one c	oat:				
	Film thicknesses		WFT, µm	1	DFT*, µm	
	Minimum		137		100	
	Maximum		340		250	
	* It is recommended to obtain a thi	ckness of 2 or 3	l 3 coats.			
Drying and recoating times:	Drying times at 150 microns DFT:					
	Surface temperature	5°C	20 °C	30 °C	40 °C	
	Drying to degree 3	14 h	6 h	4 h	3 h	
	Recoating time		1			
	Minimum	20 h	8 h	6 h	5 h	
	Maximum		1 mo	nths		
SURFACE PREPARATION:	The drying time depends on the th Factors such as air movement and recoating interval is exceeded, rou adhesion. Apply only on a dry and clean surfa with a temperature at least 3 °C ab	ickness. These humidity must ghening of the ce from carbor ove the dew po	drying times are also be conside surface is neces n, stainless steel, pint.	e given as a gi red. If the ma: ssary to ensur galvanized st	uide only. ximum re Intercoat reel, concrete	
	There are following the surface of 6 8501–3; remove oil and grease (if n GOST P ISO 8501–1–2014 with aver if necessary; the surface is dedusti ISO 8502–3. Preparation the surface application manual.	carbon prepara ecessary; recon age surface pro ng to degree 2 ce of stainless, g	tion stages: rem nmended solver ofile in the range with particle siz galvanized steel	edy imperfec ht – P4); blast 50–75 micro e do not exce and concrete	tions to P2 ISO clean to Sa 2½ ons; remove salt ed rating 2 of are given in	
APPLICATION DETAILS:						
Material preparation:	A two-component material. Mix the Mixing Ratio: 8 parts of Base to 1 pa	e base and com art of Additive b	ponent separate by volume with c	ely before mix areful mixing	ing. of the mixture	
Pot life:	2,5 h — 15 °C; 2 h — 20 °C.					
Application method:	Airless spraying / Manual application	on				
Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV 0002 (if necess information, contact «03–COATING	sary), up to 5% b GS».	by volume at airle	ess spraying.	For detailed	
Nozzle size (recommended):	.015"019"					

Operating pressure (recommended):	Not less than 200 bar.
Cleaning of tools:	TRIOSOLV [™] 0002. (Can be to use other solvents in agreement with the company "O3-COATINGS").
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above +5 °C; Relative humidity: 85% maximum; (In closed rooms it is necessary to provide supply-and-exhaust ventilation during application and drying to the extent necessary).
STORAGE:	12 months from date of manufacture. Product should be stored in dry, dark space at temperatures between +5 °C to +30 °C in the original sealed packaging, avoiding direct exposure to UV-rays and other sources of heat.
PACKAGE:	Supplied as a kit in separate containers.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOCOR™ RVS 9510?

Epoxy phenolic coating

For protection of the internal surface of tanks and tanks for storage of salt solutions, crude oil, petroleum products; isolated pipelines and equipment from carbon and stainless steel.

For use as part of a 2 coat system (2 layers each 100÷125 µm) for internal coating of storage tanks and vessels containing crude oil and refined products.

Withstands steaming.

Light color. Simplified and more thorough inspection.

The coating can be used as a primer under insulation (with a maximum temperature under insulation of 200 °C).

Updated: October 2023

This Technical Description replaces all those issued earlier. If there are any non-compliances between this document and the Technical Description published at o3.com, then the latter shall have priority

DESCRIPTION:

A fast drying, two-component ethyl silicate based material with a zinc dust.

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:

A zinc dust content equal to or greater than 85% by weight in dry film, meeting the performance requirements of SSPC Paint 20 (Level 1, Type I) and ISO 12944–5: 2018. To protect the steel surfaces from atmospheric loads and high temperatures (up to +400 °C).

PHYSICAL	CONSTANTS:	

Volume solids:

Theoretical spreading rate:

Typical thicknesses

0,100 l/m², with DFT 60 μ m

Grey

60±2%

Film thicknesses	WFT, µm	DFT, µm
Minimum	100	60
Maximum	133	80

Drying tim	es and
recoating	intervals:

Film thicknesses:

Drying time at a DFT of (60–80) µm				
The temperature of the surface to be painted	5 °C	23 °C		
Drying to tack	40 min	20 min		
Dry before applying the next layer				
Minimum	after 7 days (at RH 90% or humidification of surfaces)	After 24 hours (at RH above 80% or humidification of surfaces)		

Before applying the next layer make sure that dried primer layer TRIOTEMPTM 400 withstands the light rubbing of the rag moistened in MEK (ASTM D4752, MEK resistance, (4–5) points). Materials for galvanized surfaces are recommended for further layers.

Surface preparation:

The material is applied to the prepared and dry metal surface. The process of preparation includes the following operations: elimination of surface defects to P2 ISO 8501–3; degreasing surface (if necessary; recommended solvent – P 4); surface cleaning to the extent Sa $2\frac{1}{2}$ according to GOST R ISO 8501–1, the surface profile after cleaning should be medium roughness (comparator "G"), see ISO 8503–2, recommended surface roughness Rz – (40–100) microns.

APPLICATION DETAILS:

Material preparation:

The material is two-component. Mixing ratio: 1: 3 by weight (binder : zinc powder). To avoid the formation of lumps when mixing the components – do not add a binder to the zinc powder!

Mix the binder thoroughly until complete uniformity is achieved. Gradually add the zinc powder to the binder container while constantly stirring the mixture with a mechanical mixer, maintaining a low mixing speed. At the end of the mixing process, thoroughly stir the zinc powder in the binder with a high-speed agitator until a homogeneous mixture is obtained. During application, it is necessary to constantly mix the working mixture at a low speed, for example, using a separate dedicated pump.

Pot life: 8 h at 20 °C.

Application method:

Airless spraying / pneumatic spraying. Brush – only for touch-up and repair

Thinner:	TRIOSOLV [™] 0002 – (0–10) % vol., depending on the required thickness and application conditions. For more information, please contact O3–COATINGS LLC.
Nozzle size:	– For airless spraying – .011"019". – For pneumatic spraying – (1,7–2,0) mm.
Operation pressure:	– For airless spraying (at the pump outlet) – at least 150 bar. – For pneumatic spraying (pressure at the inlet of the spray gun) – at least 2,0 bar.
Cleaning of tools	Thinner TRIOSOLV $^{\rm TM}$ 0002 (you may use other thinners approved by the company LLC "O3-COATINGS").
Environmental conditions :	The air temperature is not below plus 5 °C; The relative humidity of the air is within (60–90) %. At a relative humidity below 80%, it is recommended to moisten the surface to be painted approximately 1 hour after painting by pouring water under low pressure. Wetting should be repeated every hour for several hours.
STORAGE:	6 months for binder and 24 months for zinc dust. It is recommended to store in a dry, dark place in the sealed factory packaging at temperature from 0 °C to +30 °C with no direct exposure to UV rays and other heat sources.
TRANSPORT PACKAGING:	10 L containers.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Read the Safety Data Sheet for material.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOTEMP[™] 400?

A fast drying, two-component ethyl silicate based material with a zinc dust.

A zinc dust content equal to or greater than 85% by weight in dry film, meeting the performance requirements of SSPC Paint 20 (Level 1, Type I) and ISO 12944–5: 2018. To protect the steel surfaces from atmospheric loads and high temperatures (up to +400 °C).

Drying to touch: 30 minutes at 23 degrees Celsius. Resistant to solvents and oils when immersed.

Updated: October 2023

This Technical Description replaces all those issued earlier. If there are any non-compliances between this document and the Technical Description published at o3.com, then the latter shall have priority

TRIOTEMP[™] 600 Silicone-acrylic coating

DESCRIPTION:	One-component silicone-acrylic coating, pigmented with aluminum.					
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE	The material can be used as a primer, intermediate or finishing layer when operating under ambient conditions. The coating can withstand temperatures up to 600 °C. The coating can be applied to the surface of carbon steel, galvanized steel, stainless steel and aluminum substrate.					
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:						
Color:	Aluminium					
Volume solids:	40±5%					
Film thicknesses	Table of Wet and Dry Film Thickne	esses:				
	Film Thickness	WFT, micro	ons	D	FT, microns	
	Minimum	50			20	
	Maximum	75			30	
Drving time and overlap interval:	Drving timed for 20-30 microns:	:				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Substrate temperature		5°C	10 °C	23 °C	40 °C
	Drying to tack		1h	45 min	30 min	15 min
	Drying before applying the nex	t coat	8 h	5 h	4 h	3 h
SURFACE PREPARATION:	The material is applied to the pre- dew point. The preparation proce – elimination of surface defects to – degreasing surface (if necessar – surface cleaning to the extent S recommended roughness profile and surface desalination (if neces – dust removal of the surface to a according to ISO 8502–3.	pared and dry met ess of carbon steel o P2 ISO 8501-3; y; recommended s Sa 2½ according to of 25–50 µm; durir ssary); a power of 2 with a	al surface v surface inc olvent – P 4 GOST R IS0 ng repair loo particle size	vith temperat ludes the foll l); D 8501–1–20° cal cleaning F e of not more	ure 3 °C abo owing opera 14 with a 2 St 3 is allow 9 than 2 class	ove the Itions: ved, ses
APPLICATION DETAILS:						
Material preparation:	The material is one-component,	requires careful m	ixing befor	e applicatior).	
Application method:	Brush, paint brush, airless sprayi	ng.				
Thinner:	Thinner TRIOSOLV™ 0003 (other solvents may be used in consultation with LLC "O3- COATINGS").					
Nozzle diameter (recommended):	.015"017"					
Operating pressure (recommended):	Not less than 100 bar.					
Cleaning of tools:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 0003 (other solvents may be used in consultation with LLC "O3- COATINGS").					

Environmental conditions:	The air temperature is not below plus 5 °C; The relative humidity of the air below 85%.
Compatibility with other coatings:	Previous coat: zinc silicate coating, silicone-acrylic coating. Subsequent layer: silicone-acrylic coating.
STORAGE:	24 months from the date of manufacture. It is recommended to store in a dry dark place in a sealed original package at a temperature from +5 °C to +30 °C, avoid direct exposure to UV rays and other sources of heat.
TRANSPORT PACKAGING:	5 or 10 ltr containers
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Read the Safety Data Sheet for material.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOTEMP[™] 600?

One-component silicone-acrylic coating, pigmented with aluminum.

The material can be used as a primer, intermediate or finishing layer when operating under ambient conditions. The coating can withstand temperatures up to 600 °C.

The coating can be applied to the surface of carbon steel, galvanized steel, stainless steel and aluminum substrate.

Updated: October 2023

TRIOFLAME[™] AK 7000 Fire protection intumescent coating

DESCRIPTION:	A one-component water based acrylic f	ire protection in	ntumescent n	naterial.	
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	Thin film fire protection intumescent coating designed to be used on steelwork requiring protection from cellulosic fire; provides passive fire protection of different purpose steelwork of industrial and infrastructure facilities; to provide fire resistance on structural steel in a cellulosic fire in accordance with rules and regulations, fire resistance rating and fire danger class of a building.				
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:					
Colour:	White				
Volume solids:	70±5%				
Film thicknesses:	Fire protection coating's thickness is required fire resistance rating dependent. (see separate sheet of TRIOFLAME ^{TTT} AK 7000 loading requirements). Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data.				e separate S
	Recommended wet film thickness (WFT) to 1050 microns dry film thickness (DFT).	1500 microns pe	er one airless :	spray coat, th	nat is equal
Drying times:	Drying times for 1050 microns DFT:		1		
	Substrate temperature	5 °C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C
		6 h	3h 4h	1,5 h	1h 2h
SURFACE PREPARATION:	This material should be applied on prior prepared and primed surface. Ensure surfaces to be coated are clean, dry and free from all surface contamination, with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. Typical surface preparation includes cleaning, degreasing (if necessary), salt removing (if necessary) and dust removing from primed surface.				
APPLICATION DETAILS:					
Material preparation:	A one-component material, stir thorough	lly within 3–5 mir	nutes before a	application.	
Application method:	Airless Spray / Manual application				
Thinner:	Not recommended				
Nozzle size:	.019"027"				
Operation pressure:	90–120 bar				
Cleaning of tools:	Potable water				
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above (In confined spaces provide adequate ve	e +5 °C; Relative ntilation during a	humidity: 85% application ar	6 maximum; nd drying).	
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:					
Primer:	TRIOCOR [™] PRIMER 1100, TRIOCOR [™] MA Approval under Federal Law of the Russia	STIC 4500 or otl an Federation №	her primers, ir 123.	n accordance	e with Type
Topcoat:	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500 or other topcoa Law of the Russian Federation № 123.	ts, in accordance	e with Type A	pproval unde	er Federal

STORAGE:

12 months from date of manufacture. Store in dry, shaded conditions at temperature between +5 °C and +30 °C in hermetic original package away from UV rays and other sources of heat.

PACKAGE:

Plastic container (22 kg net). Metal container (25 kg net). Plastic barrel (50 kg net).

HEALTH AND SAFETY:

Refer to the Safety data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOFLAME™ AK 7000?

A one-component water based acrylic fire protection intumescent material.

Used to enhance the fire resistance of metal structures in cellulose fire conditions. Water-based material - environmentally safe. Wet film thickness per pass is 1500 µm, which corresponds to a dry film thickness of 1050 µm. Short interlayer drying time.

TRIOFLAME[™] AK 7700 Fire protection intumescent coating

DESCRIPTION:	A one-component styrene-acrylic and solve	ent based fir	e protection	intumescen	t material.
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	Thin film fire protection intumescent coating designed to be used on steelwork requiring protection from cellulosic fire; provides passive fire protection of different purpose steelwork of industrial and infrastructure facilities, including food industry; to provide fire resistance on structural steel in a cellulosic fire in accordance with rules and regulations, fire resistance rating and fire danger class of a building. The coating can be used at operating temperatures as low as –40 °C and as high as +70 °C.				
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS: Colour:	White				
Volume solids:	72±5%				
Film thicknesses:	Fire protection coating's thickness is required fire resistance rating dependent. (see separate sheet of TRIOFLAME AK 7700 loading requirements). Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data.				
	Recommended wet film thickness (WFT) 200 equal to 1440 microns dry film thickness (DFT	0 microns pe ').	er one airless	spray coat, t	hat is
Drying times:	Drying times for 1440 microns DFT:			1	
	Substrate temperature	0 °C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C
		1 h	40 min	30 min	20 min
SURFACE PREPARATION:	air movement and humidity must also be con This material should be applied on prior prepar coated are clean, dry and free from all surface above the dew point. Typical surface preparati salt removing (if necessary) and dust removing	sidered red and prim contaminatio on includes g from primed	ed surface. El on, with a tem cleaning, deg d surface.	nsure surface operature at le reasing (if ne	es to be east 3 °C cessary),
APPLICATION DETAILS:					
Material preparation:	A one-component material, stir thoroughly wi	thin 3–5 min	utes before a	application.	
Application method:	Airless Spray / Manual application				
Thinner:	Not recommended				
Nozzle size:	.019"025"				
Operation pressure:	200–215 bar				
Cleaning of tools:	TRIOSOLV $^{\rm TM}$ 0003 (it is allowed to use other thinners after consultation with LLC «O3–COATINGS»).				
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above -10 (In confined spaces provide adequate ventila) °C; Relative tion during a	humidity: 85 application ar	% maximum; nd drying).	

RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	
Primer:	TRIOCOR [™] PRIMER 1100, TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500 or other primers, in accordance with Type Approval under Federal Law of the Russian Federation №123.
Topcoat:	TRIOCOR [™] FINISH 5500 or other topcoats, in accordance with Type Approval under Federal Law of the Russian Federation №123.
STORAGE:	24 months from the date of manufacture. It is recommended to store in a dry, dark place in a sealed factory packaging at a temperature of +5 °C to +30 °C, avoid direct exposure to precipitation, UV rays and other heat sources.
ПРИМЕЧАНИЕ:	The material is thermoplastic. It is allowed to remain TRIOFLAME [™] AK 7700 un-topcoated when exposed to heated internal areas if there are no intensive moisture condensation and temperature difference above and below 0 °C in C1–C2 environment (as defined in ISO 12944–2:1988).
PACKAGE:	20 kg net weight.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOFLAME™ AK 7700?

A one-component styrene-acrylic and solvent based fire protection intumescent material.

Thin film fire protection intumescent coating designed to be used on steelwork requiring protection from cellulosic fire; provides passive fire protection of different purpose steelwork of industrial and infrastructure facilities, including food industry; to provide fire resistance on structural steel in a cellulosic fire in accordance with rules and regulations, fire resistance rating and fire danger class of a building.

A high thickness of a single-layer coating (up to 2000 μ m wet film) reduces labor and time requirements. Low-temperature curing down to -10 °C extends the working season.

TRIOFLAME[™] 8800 Fire protection weather-resistant coating

DESCRIPTION:	A two-pack fire protection weather-resistant material.
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	Thick film fire protection coating increases its own fire resistance rate of steel structures in standard temperature conditions in accordance with GOST 30247.0. The operating temperature range of the resulting coating is from –60 °C to +70 °C.
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:	
Color:	From white to beige.
Volume solids:	98±2%
Film thicknesses:	Fire protection coating's thickness is required fire resistance rating dependent. (see separate sheet of TRIOFLAME 8800 loading requirements). Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data.
	Recommended wet film thickness (WFT) 2040 microns per one airless spray coat, that is equal to 2000 microns dry film thickness (DFT).

Drying times:

Drying times for 2000 microns DFT

Substrate temperature	5 °C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C
To touch	9 h	6 h	3 h	2 h
To recoat	14 h	10 h	6 h	4 h

Drying time is film thickness dependent. These figures are given as a guide only. Factors such as air movement and humidity must also be considered.

If the maximum overcoating interval is exceeded, roughening of the surface is necessary to ensure intercoat adhesion.

SURFACE PREPARATION:

APPLICATION DETAILS: Material preparation: The product is applied to a prepared surface. Prepared surface should be dry, clean and uniform, its temperature should be at least 3 °C above the dew point. Typical preparation process of the primed surface includes cleaning, oil and grease removing (if necessary), salt removing (if necessary) and dust removing.

A two-component material supplied in separate containers to be mixed prior to use. In cold conditions it will help mixing and application if the material can be stored in a warm environment for at least 24 hours prior to use. A temperature between 15 °C and 30 °C is recommended. Before application, stir the base for 2–3 minutes, then add the hardener to the container with the base and thoroughly mix both components for 3–5 minutes. Mixing Ratio is given in product certificates of quality.

Pot life	45 минут — 15 °C; 30 минут — 20 °C.
Application method:	Airless Spray / Manual Application (spatula).
Thinner:	For more information, contact O3-COATINGS
Nozzle size:	.019"025"
Operation pressure:	220-350 бар
Cleaning of tools:	Solvent 646 (thinner TRIOSOLV ^{IIII} 0003 or xylene technical may be used). Clean equipment immediately if stop spraying for more than 10 minutes.

Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above –10 °C. Relative humidity: 85% maximum; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
STORAGE:	Base – 24 months from date of manufacture. Additive – 12 months from date of manufacture. Store in dry, shaded conditions at temperature between +5 °C and +30 °C in hermetic original package away from UV rays and other sources of heat.
RECCOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	
Primer:	TRIOCOR $^{ m m}$ MASTIC 4500 or other primers, in accordance with fire safety certificates
Topcoat:	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500 or other topcoats, in accordance with fire safety certificates.
PACKAGE:	Part A (Base) – 20 L container. Part B (Additive) – 3,0 L container or 3,2 L container
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOFLAME[™] 8800?

Fire protection weather-resistant coating. Thick film fire protection coating increases its own fire resistance rate of steel structures in standard temperature conditions in accordance with GOST 30247.0. Volume solids: 98±2%. The operating temperature range of the resulting coating is from -60 °C to +70 °C.

TYPE AND RECOMMENDED Thick film fire protection coating increases its own fire resistance rate of steel structures in standard temperature conditions in accordance with GOST 30247.0 and alternative temperatures ranging, including hydrocarbon temperature conditions, in accordance with GOST R EN 1363–2. The operating temperature range of the resulting coating is from –60 °C to +70 °C.. PHYSICAL CONSTANTS: From white to beige. 98±2 % Fire protection coating's thickness is required fire resistance rating dependent (see separate sheet of TRIOFLAME[™] EP 8800 loading requirements). Contact your O3-COATINGS representative for additional data. Recommended wet film thickness (WFT) 3000 microns per one airless spray coat, that is equal to 2940 microns dry film thickness (DFT). Drying times at 2940 microns DFT 5°C 10 °C 20 °C 30 °C Substrate temperature To touch 6 hours 3 hours 9 hours 2 hours To recoat 10 hours 5 hours 14 hours 4 hours Drying time is film thickness dependent. These figures are given as a guide only. Factors such as air movement and humidity must also be considered. If the maximum overcoating interval is exceeded, roughening of the surface is necessary to ensure intercoat adhesion. SURFACE PREPARATION: Apply only on a dry and clean surface with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. There are following surface preparation stages: remedy imperfections to P2 ISO 8501-3; remove oil and grease (if necessary); blast clean to Sa 21/2 GOST R ISO 8501-1-2014 with average surface profile in the range 50-75 microns, remove salt if necessary; dust shall be removed from the surface after blast cleaning such that the particle guantity and particle size do not exceed rating 2 of ISO 8502-3. **APPLICATION DETAILS:** Material preparation: A two-component material supplied in separate containers to be mixed prior to use. In cold conditions it will help mixing and application if the material can be stored in a warm environment for at least 24 hours prior to use. A temperature between 15 °C and 30 °C is recommended. Before application mix Additive with Base and maintain stirring for 3-5 minutes. Mixing Ratio is given in product certificates of quality. 45 minutes – 15 °C; 30 minutes – 20 °C. Application method: Airless Spray / Manual Application (spatula). Thinner: For more information, contact O3-COATINGS. .019"-.025" Nozzle size. Operation pressure: (220-350) bar Solvent 646 (thinner TRIOSOLV[™] 0003 or xylene technical may be used). Cleaning of tools: Clean equipment immediately if stop spraying for more than 10 minutes.

A two-pack fire protection epoxy intumescent material.

DESCRIPTION:

Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above –10 °C. Relative humidity: 85% maximum; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).
STORAGE:	Base – 24 months from date of manufacture. Additive – 12 months from date of manufacture. Store in dry, shaded conditions at temperature between +5 °C and +30 °C in hermetic original package away from UV rays and other sources of heat.
RECCOMMENDED SYSTEMS: Primer:	TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500, TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500 (MIO) or other primers, in accordance with fire safety certificates.
Thermal-insulating material:	TRIOTHERM TM 3500.
Topcoat:	TRIOCOR $^{\rm TM}$ FINISH 5500 or other topcoats, in accordance with fire safety certificates.
PACKAGE:	Part A (Base) – 20 L container. Part B (Additive) – 3,0 L container or 3,2 L container.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOFLAME™ EP 8800?

Increases its own fire resistance rate of steel structures in standard temperature conditions in accordance with GOST 30247.0 and alternative temperatures ranging, including hydrocarbon temperature conditions.

Provides fire protection of steelworks exposed to harsh conditions (exposure to low temperatures, aggressive environment, high humidity, etc.) Low VOC: 98±2% high volume solid High DFT – 2940 µm

DESCRIPTION:	One-component water-based acrylic t	hermal insulation material.		
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	Weather-resistant, heat-saving coating insulation of facades of residential and r after drying does not require additional environmental factors. It is intended for It can be used as part of combined stru	with increased vapor permeabil non-residential buildings and st protection from mechanical infl application on concrete, metal ctural fire protection systems.	ity, used for thermal ructures. The coating luences and aggressive and brick surfaces.	
	Applies: – outside and inside wall structures — to It has the properties of high-quality face – outside or inside the roof to reduce he in summer; – processing of seams of panel houses - of walls and thermal insulation; – coating of window slopes to reduce he – insulation of basements, including from	o reduce heat losses, as well as o ade paint suitable for tinting eat losses in winter and reduce a – combining the processes of hy eat loss; m the inside of the basement wa	condensation, icing. air conditioning costs ydro, noise insulation alls.	
	The coating can be operated in the tem	The coating can be operated in the temperature range from –40 °C to +170°C.		
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:				
Color:	White. There is a possibility of tinting in	light tones.		
Volume solids:	(58±5) %			
Density, g/cm³	0,60-0,80			
Film thicknesses:	The thickness of the material layer depends on the requirements for thermal insu The recommended thickness of the resulting coating is from 1 to 2.5 mm. Recommended wet film thicknesses (WFT) in one pass depend on the application – with a spatula – 1 mm, without dilution; – brush with soft pile – 0.5–1 mm, without dilution; – roller - 0.3–0.6 mm, with water dilution from 25 to 35% by weight.; – by airless spraying – no more than 0.4–0.6 mm, with water dilution from 5 to 10'		ermal insulation. n. application method: m 5 to 10% by weight.	
	Table of wet and dry film thicknesses of	of one coating layer:		
	Film thickness	WFT microps	DET microps	
	Minimum	300	215	
	Maximum	1000	875	
Practical consumption, I/m2 (with DFT=1 mm)	1,39	1	1	
	Drving time at dry film thickness TRIOT	HERM 3000 – (300–1000) micro	ons:	

Время сушки и интервал перекрытия:

Drying time at dry film thickness TRIOTHERM 3000 – (300–1000) microns:

	-	-		
Temperature of the painted surface	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C	40 °C
Drying before overlap	24 h	18 h	12 h	10 h

The drying times given in this section are of a recommendatory nature. When assessing the actual drying time, it is also necessary to take into account the presence of air flows and relative humidity. The recommended relative humidity of the air during application is no more than 65%.

SURFACE PREPARATION:

The material is applied to a pre-prepared and primed surface. The surface to be painted must be dry, clean and uniform with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. A typical surface preparation scheme includes cleaning, degreasing (if necessary) and dedusting the primed surface.

APPLICATION DETAILS: Material preparation:	The material is one-component, water-based. Before application, mix the material to a homogeneous consistency throughout the volume: using mechanical means of mixing, at low speeds - from 150 to 300 rpm, for (3–5) minutes.	
Application method:	Spatula, brush, roller, airless spraying.	
Thinner:	 The solvent is water. The amount of dilution depends on the application method: with a spatula – without dilution; brush with soft pile – without dilution; by roller – with dilution from 25 to 35% by weight; by airless spray – without dilution or with dilution from 5 to 10% by weight. 	
Nozzle size (recommended):	For airless spraying – .019"–.027". Apply without filters!	
Operating pressure (recommended):	Above 100 bar.	
Cleaning of tools:	Water	
Application conditions:	It is applied in layers at ambient temperatures from +10 °C to +45 °C. The relative humidity of the air is not higher than 65%.	
RECCOMMENDED SYSTEMS:		
Primer:	For concrete and brick surfaces – primer TRIOPRO [™] PRIMER 1000, for metal – TRIOCOR [™] PRIMER 1100; TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500 or other, agreed with LLC "O3-COATINGS".	
Topcoat:	Not supposed to. After drying, it does not require additional protection from mechanical influences and aggressive environmental factors. It is resistant to UV radiation, as well as the properties of high-quality facade paint.	
STORAGE:	Shelf life is 24 months from the date of manufacture. It is recommended to store in a dry, dark place in a sealed factory packaging at a temperature of +5 °C to +45 °C, avoid direct exposure to UV rays and other heat sources.	
PACKAGE:	Containers: Net weight – 6,0 kg	
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Read the Material Safety Data Sheet.	

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOTHERM[™] 3000?

Acrylic thermal insulation material.

Weather-resistant, heat-saving coating with increased vapor permeability, used for thermal insulation of facades of residential and non-residential buildings and structures. The coating after drying does not require additional protection from mechanical influences and aggressive environmental factors. It is intended for application on concrete, metal and brick surfaces. It can be used as part of combined structural fire protection systems.

DESCRIPTION:	A two-pack epoxy thermal-insulating materia	Ι.			
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	The material is intended for thermal insulation of pipelines, technological units and equipment to prevent heat leakage and / or for protection of personnel, as well as to protect steel and concrete constructions and elements of technological systems from the cryogenic strait. Can be used as an independent thermal insulation with soundproofing properties, and as part of anticorrosive coating systems and combined systems of constructive fire protection. The operating temperature range of the resulting coating is from -60 °C to $+150$ °C.				
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:					
Color:	From white to beige.				
Volume solids:	100%				
Coefficient of heat conductivity:	0,04 W / m ·K				
Film thicknesses:	Coating's thickness of the material depends of your O3–COATINGS representative for addition When applied by airless spraying, the maximum reach 2000 µm, which corresponds to a dry film The recommended thickness of wet film (WFT) to the dry film thickness (DFT) of 1500 µm.	requiremen nal data). n thickness o m thickness in one pass	ts for therma of a wet film ((DFT) of 200 is 1500 μm, γ	al insulation. WFT) per pa O µm. which corres	(Contact ss can ponds
T IIIT (TICKHESSES.		5 °C	10 °C	20.00	20.00
		12 h	8 h	20 C	4 h
SURFACE PREPARATION:	Drying times depend of film thickness. These fi air movement and humidity must also be consi The material is applied to a pre-prepared and p be dry, clean and uniform with a minimum temp	gures are gir idered. primed surfa perature of 3	ven as a guid ce. The surfa 3 °C above th	le only. Facto ice to be pair ne dew point	nted must
	A typical surface preparation scheme includes (if necessary) and dedusting the primed surfac	cleaning, de ;e.	egreasing (if i	necessary), c	lesalting
APPLICATION DETAILS: Material preparation::	A two component material supplied in separate In cold conditions, it will help mixing and applica environment for at least 24 hours prior to use. A recommended. Before application mix Additive It is necessary to start application after immedia	containers t tion if the m temperature with Base ar utely after miz	o be mixed p aterial can be between 15 nd maintain s king compon	rior to use. e stored in a v °C and 30 °C tirring for 3 n ents.	varm) is ninutes.
Application method:	Airless Spray / Molding				
Thinner:	Not recommended to use thinner.				
N₂zzle size:	.019"025"				
Operation pressure:	(220–350) bar				
Cleaning of tools:	Thinner TRIOSOLV [™] 003 or xylene technical (thinner 646 may be used) Clean equipment immediately if stop spraying for more than 10 minutes				
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above -10 ° Relative humidity: 85% maximum; (In confined spaces provide adequate ventilati	°C; on during ap	oplication and	d drying).	

RECCOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	
Primer:	TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500, TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500 (MIO) or other primers.
Fire protection material:	TRIOFLAME™ EP 8800, TRIOFLAME™ 8800.
Topcoat:	TRIOCOR [™] FINISH 5500 or other topcoats, in accordance with fire safety certificates.
PACKAGE:	Base – 24 months from date of manufacture. Additive – 24 months from date of manufacture. Store in dry, shaded conditions at temperature between +5 °C and +45 °C in hermetic original package away from UV rays and other sources of heat.
PACKAGE:	Part A (Base) – 20 L container; Part B (Additive) – 10 L container.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOFLAME[™] 3500?

Epoxy thermal-insulating material.

High-quality epoxy thermal insulation: protection against cryogenic temperatures (down to –196 °C) and as a part of structural fire protection for hydrocarbon and reactive fire scenarios.

TRIOTHERM[™] 3700 Acrylic thermal insulation material

DESCRIPTION:	One-component acrylic thermal insulation material.				
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	The material is intended for thermal insulation of pipelines, technological units and equipment to prevent heat leaks and/or protect personnel, as well as to protect steel and concrete structures and elements of technological schemes from cryogenic spillage. It can be used as an independent thermal insulation coating with sound-insulating properties, as part of anticorrosive coating systems and combined structural fire protection systems operated at temperatures from -40 °C to $+70$ °C.				
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:					
Colour:	White.				
Volume solids:	75±5%				
Coefficient of thermal conductivity:	0,08 W/m·K				
Film thicknesses:	The thickness of the material layer depends on the requirements for thermal insulation. (For more information, contact the company "O3-COATINGS"). When applied by airless spraying, the maximum thickness of the wet film (WFT) in one pass is 2000 microns, which corresponds to a dry film thickness (DFT) of 1500 microns.				
Drying times:	Drying times for 1500 microns DFT				
	Substrate temperature	0 °C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C
	lo recoat Diving time is thickness dependent. These figures	12 h	8 h	6 h Factors such	4 h
APPLICATION DETAILS: Material preparation:	coated are clean, dry and free from all surface contamination, with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. Typical surface preparation includes cleaning, degreasing (if necessary), salt removing (if necessary) and dust removing from primed surface. The material is one-component, supplied in Containers. Before use, the material must be kept for at least 24 hours at a temperature not lower than +15 °C and not higher than +25 °C. Before applying, mix the material to a homogeneous consistency. Application should begin immediately after mixing.				
Application method:	Airless Spray / Manual application.				
Thinner:	Not recommended.				
Nozzle size:	.019"025"				
Operation pressure:	(200–215) bar				
Cleaning of tools:	TRIOSOLV [™] 0003 (it is allowed to use other thinners after consultation with LLC «O3− COATINGS»).				
Application conditions:	Should be applied at temperatures above -10 °C; Relative humidity: 85% maximum;				
RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	(In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying).				
Primer:	TRIOCOR [™] PRIMER 1100; TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4 safety certificates.	1500 or othe	er primers in a	accordance	with fire

Topcoat:	TRIOCOR™ FINISH 5500 or other enamels in accordance with fire safety certificates.
STORAGE:	24 months from the date of manufacture. It is recommended to store in a dry, dark place in a sealed factory packaging at a temperature of -30 °C to $+30$ °C, avoid direct exposure to precipitation, UV rays and other heat sources.
PACKAGE:	20 kg net weigh.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOTHERM[™] 3700?

Acrylic thermal insulation material.

One-component acrylic thermal insulation material.

The material is intended for thermal insulation of pipelines, technological units and equipment to prevent heat leaks and/or protect personnel, as well as to protect steel and concrete structures and elements of technological schemes from cryogenic spillage.

DESCRIPTION:	One-component acrylic thermal insulation material.
TYPE AND RECOMMENDED USE:	The material is intended for use as part of combined structural flame retardant coating systems operated at temperatures from -40 °C to +80 °C.
PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:	
Colour:	White, light gray
Volume solids:	(70±5) %
Film thicknesses:	The thickness of the material layer depends on the requirements for thermal insulation. (For more information, contact the company "O3–COATINGS"). When applied by airless spraying, the recommended wet film thickness (WFT) in one pass is 2000 microns, which corresponds to a dry film thickness (DFT) of 1320 microns.

Table of wet and dry film thicknesses:

Film thickness	WFT, microns	DFT, microns
Minimum	800	528
Maximum	3000	1980

Drying times:

Drying time at dry film thickness TRIOTHERM 3800-1320 microns:

Temperature of the painted surface	5 °C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C
Drying before overlap	48 h	32 h	24 h	16 h

The drying times given in this section are of a recommendatory nature. When estimating the actual drying time, it is also necessary to take into account the presence of air flows and relative humidity.

SURFACE PREPARATION:

APPLICATION DETAILS: Material preparation: The material is applied to a pre-prepared and primed surface. The surface to be painted must be dry, clean and uniform with a temperature at least 3 °C above the dew point. A typical surface preparation scheme includes cleaning, degreasing (if necessary), desalting (if necessary) and dedusting the primed surface.

The material is one-component. Before use, it must be kept for at least 24 hours at a temperature not lower than +15 °C and not higher than +25 °C. Before application, mix the material to a homogeneous consistency throughout the volume: using mechanical means of mixing, at low speeds – from 150 to 300 rpm, for (3–5) minutes. Application should begin immediately after mixing.

Application method:	Airless spraying / Manual application.
Thinner:	Dilution is not recommended.
Nozzle size:	.019"025"
Operation pressure:	(220-250) bar
Cleaning of tools:	TRIOSOLV [™] 0003 (it is allowed to use other solvents in agreement with the company "O3-COATINGS").
Application conditions:	The air temperature is not lower than –10 °C, not higher than +35 °C. The relative humidity of the air is not higher than 85%; (In closed rooms, provide adequate supply and exhaust ventilation for the period of application and drying).

RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS:	
Primer:	TRIOCOR [™] PRIMER 1100; TRIOCOR [™] MASTIC 4500 or other primers in accordance with fire safety certificates.
Flame retardant coating:	TRIOFLAME™ AK 7700.
Topcoat:	TRIOCOR [™] FINISH 5500 or other enamels in accordance with fire safety certificates.
STORAGE:	Shelf life is 12 months from the date of manufacture. It is recommended to store in a dry, dark place in a sealed factory packaging at a temperature from –5 °C to +40 °C, avoid direct exposure to UV rays and other heat sources.
PACKAGE:	Containers. Net weight – 13.7 kg.
HEALTH AND SAFETY:	Read the Material Safety Data Sheet.

REASONS TO CHOOSE TRIOTHERM[™] 3800?

One-component acrylic thermal insulation material.

The material is intended for use as part of combined structural flame retardant coating systems operated at temperatures from -40 to +80 °C.

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